The Columbian.

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH, and COLUMBIAN, Consolidated.]

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AT TWO DOLLARS per year. To subscribers out of the county the terms are strictly in advance.

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The Jobbing Department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on short notice, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

J. E. ELWELL, J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MAY 29, 1885.

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HUNT'S KIDNEY & LIVER REMEDY NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL.

Lots of People Say, "OH MY BACK."

Here is Solid A 1 TESTIMONY from Hard Working Men.

Machinist and Builder.

"I have been troubled years with kidney and bladder difficulty. After using four bottles of HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY I have been completely cured."—William C. Clark, Mason and Builder, Auburn, N. Y.

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Mr. George Karg, Machinist, 1138 Ridge Ave., Philadelphia, Pa., says:—"My disease started when I was quite a young lad by having weak kidneys. I have used just six bottles of HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY, and I solemnly proclaim, 'I feel like a new man.'"

• • "Good counsel has no price, obey it." • •

Mechanic.

Mr. Henry Williams, Mechanic, East Bridgeport, Conn., says:—"About two months ago I caught a heavy cold, which settled in my kidneys. I got a bottle of HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY and with the first dose began to get well." • • • "Light suppers makes long lives." • • •

Railroad Man.

Frank B. Lee, office N. Y. C. & H. R. R. Little Falls, N. Y., June 8, 1883, says: "My father, 62 years old, had severe kidney and bladder disease for 20 years, urination causing acute pain. The weakness was so great he was obliged to wear a rubber bag. Twelve bottles of HUNT'S Kidney REMEDY completely cured him, and we consider it remarkable. We cheerfully recommend it."

• • • "Deeds are better than words." • • •

HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY has stood the test of time. It has been before the public for twenty years, and has cured every year thousands of people suffering from various diseases of the Kidneys and Liver, and kindred disorders, who had failed to get relief from doctors and who expected never to be cured. Thousands of testimonials from such persons attest its value. Send for book.

• • • "All's well that ends well." • • •

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HUNT'S REMEDY CO., Providence, R. I.
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Health and Happiness.
How? DO AS OTHERS HAVE DONE.

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"Kidney-Wort cured me from nervous weakness &c., after I was not expected to live."—Mrs. M. M. B. Goodwin, Ed. Christian Monitor Cleveland, O.

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"Kidney-Wort causes easy evacuations and cured me after 10 years use of other medicines." Nelson Fairchild, St. Albans, Vt.

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"Kidney-Wort has done better than any other remedy I have ever used in my practice." Dr. H. K. Clark, South Hero, Vt.

Are you Bilious?
"Kidney-Wort has done me more good than any other remedy I have ever taken." Mrs. J. T. Galloway, Elk Flat, Oregon.

Are you tormented with Piles?
"Kidney-Wort permanently cured me of bleeding piles. Dr. W. G. Kline recommended it to me." Geo. H. Horst, Cashier M. Bank, Myerstown, Pa.

Are you Rheumatism racked?
"Kidney-Wort cured me after I was given up to die by physicians and I had suffered thirty years." Elbridge Malcolm, West Bath, Maine.

Ladies, are you suffering?
"Kidney-Wort cured me of peculiar troubles of several years standing. Many friends use and praise it." Mrs. H. Lamoreaux, Isle La Motte, Vt.

If you would Banish Disease and gain Health, Take
KIDNEY-WORT
THE BLOOD CLEANSER.
Feb 6-3 mo

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What is the use of suffering with Backache, Pain in the Side or Hip, Sciatica, Rheumatism, Kidney Diseases, Crick, Stitches, Swollen and tired Muscles, Chest and Lung troubles, or any sort of pain or soreness, either local or deep-seated when a Hop Plaster will give instant relief? Prepared from Burgundy Pitch, Canada Balsam, and the pain-killing virtues of Hops. The best strengthening plaster ever known. Thousands say so. Sold by all dealers. Mailed on receipt of price, 25c., 5 for $1.00. HOP PLASTER COMPANY, Boston, Mass.
Strongest and Best!

SALESMEN WANTED to canvass for the sale of Nursery Stock! Steady employment guaranteed. Salary and expenses Paid. Apply at once, stating age. (Refer to this paper.)
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EXCHANGE HOTEL,
W. R. TUBBS, PROPRIETOR
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.
Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences.

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"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

CENTAUR LINIMENT
An absolute cure for Rheumatism, Sprains, Pain in the Back, Burns, Galls, &c. An Instantaneous Pain-relieving and Healing Remedy.

SELECT STORY.

THE SAILOR'S BRIDE.

A STRANGE BUT TRUE STORY.

Many decades ago a vessel from Boston arrived in dock in London. Among the hands on board was one named Tudor, a steady, well-looking young man who acted as a sailor. Very early one morning a young, beautiful and decently dressed woman came tripping down to the vessel and inquired of Tudor for the captain. She was told that he had not risen, but she insisted on seeing him without delay. Tudor called him up, and she addressed him with:

"Good-morning, captain! I have called to see if you will marry me."

"Marry you?"—believing her to be a suspicious character—"leave my vessel instantly if you know what is for your good!" She next went to the mate and received a similar answer; she then went to where Tudor was, being engaged in handling ship tacks, and put the same question. "With all my heart," answered Tudor, in a jocular manner. "Then," said she, "come along with me." Tudor left his work and followed her. By the time the principal shops were opened the lady entered a barber shop followed by Tudor. She ordered a knight of the razor to clip his beard and hair, both of which he stood in need. She paid the bills and entered a hat store. She requested the best of beavers in the store, and told Tudor to select one, and he did so, the price being paid by the lady. Tudor threw his old tarpaulin aside. They next visited a shoe store, and selected a pair of boots, the lady also paying for them. Tudor, by this time, was puzzled to devise the object the lady had in view. He solicited an explanation, but she told him to be silent. She led the way into a clothing store. Here Tudor was told to select the best suit of clothes in the store. The man of the tar bedaubed pants and checkered shirt was in a few minutes metamorphosed into as fine a gentleman as walks the streets, the bill, as before, being paid by the lady. Tudor's amazement was now complete. He again and again earnestly insisted on an explanation; the only answer he received was: "Follow me and be not afraid; all will be explained to your satisfaction." He therefore resolved to ask no more questions. Next she conducted him into a magistrate's office and politely requested the minister of the law to unite her and her companion in matrimony. This was rather a damper to Tudor, but he yielded. The ceremony over, the couple were pronounced man and wife. Without uttering a word or exchanging a kiss, Tudor and his wife left the office, not, however, until she paid the magistrate his fee. The couple walked in silence, Tudor hardly knowing what he was doing or what he had done. Turning the corner, he saw a splendid house, toward which his wife directed her steps and into which they entered, passing into a room that was furnished in a magnificent style. She told him to sit down and make himself contented while she went into another room. The first one addressed was her uncle, who asked how she escaped from her room and where she had been. Her only answer was: "Thou fiend in human shape; I allow you just one hour to remove your effects from this house. You have long deprived me of my property, and meant to through life; but you are frustrated. I am mistress of my own house. I am married, and my husband is here!"

We must leave the newly married couple for the purpose of giving the history of Mrs. Tudor. She was the only child of a wealthy gentleman, Mr. A.——, his daughter's name being Eliza. He had been at great expense in her education, she being the only object of his care, his wife dying when she was quite young. A short time before his death he made a will by which his brother was to have possession of all his property until his daughter was married, when it was to be given up to her husband, but if she died without marrying, the property was to go to her uncle and his family. After the death of Mr. A., his brother removed into his house and Eliza boarded in his family. She soon discovered that her uncle did not intend she should ever marry. He shut her up in one of the centre rooms in the third story and refused to her associates by telling them when they called that she was gone on a journey. The unfortunate girl was then shut out from the world for three years. Her scanty breakfast happened to be carried to her one morning by her old servant Juan. Seeing the face of her old friend and servant, Eliza burst into tears. Juan well understood the meaning.

"Husb, Eliza? Some of your old servants have long been planning means for your escape."

"What?" exclaimed Eliza, "is it possible that I am to be delivered from this vile place?"

It is unnecessary to detail all the minutia of the escape. Suffice it to say that on the morning of the fourth day after the interview she made her escape. This was about daylight. She immediately bent her steps to the wharf where the Boston vessel lay.

The amazement of Tudor and transport of his wife at the sudden change of fortune may possibility be conceived but cannot be expressed.

One pleasant morning some days after the marriage the crew of the Boston vessel's attention was drawn to a splendid carriage approaching the wharf. The driver let down the steps and a gentleman and lady elegantly dressed alighted. The gentleman asked the captain what port he was from, and many other questions—all the time avoiding his scrutiny; at last turning to the captain and calling him by name, he said: "Captain' before leaving your vessel, permit me to make you acquainted with Mrs. Tudor. The captain and those about him had not recognized him to be their old friend and shipmate Tudor, whom they supposed some fatal accident had befallen. You may judge of the congratulations that followed.

The captain regretted the harsh judgment he had at first passed upon the young lady, but unlike the mate, being a married man, he was spared the added mortification of the latter that he had spurned even to consider so fortunate an offer of marriage.

This remarkable marriage, the bride being snatched from prison walls, as it were, and the groom called from the hard and humble lot of a common sailor both brought suddenly and unexpectedly to positions of freedom and affluence—has hardly a parallel in all history. The union thus formed proved to be a very happy one. The large fortune that then fell under the active management of Frederick Tudor was wisely handled and largely increased. In due time Mr. and Mrs. Tudor transferred their residence to Boston.

With shrewd foresight, Mr. Tudor entered largely into the ice business, being the first person to make shipments of ice by sea. His venture was made in 1805, when he sailed himself with a cargo of 130 tons, in his own brig to Martinique, West Indies. In 1815 Mr. Tudor obtained the monopoly of the Havana ice business, and important privileges from the Cuban government. In 1817 he introduced the busines in Charleston, S. C., the next year in Savannah, and in 1820 into New Orleans. In May, 1833, he sent the first cargo of ice to the East Indies, which was delivered at Calcutta in the autumn of that year. Of the 180 tons, nearly one-half was wasted in the voyage and in going up the Ganges. The ice was sold immediately, at no more than half the cost prepared by the natives. In 1834 the first cargo of ice was shipped to Brazil by Mr. Tudor, and until 1836 he had a monopoly of the shipment of ice, but it finally became so large and profitable that others entered into the busines from various ports.

Mr. Tudor's foresight secured to Boston the chief position of the Calcutta trade, and gave her ships cargoes for Southern ports, thus reducing the costs of freighting southern products to the North. The extensive and valuable Tudor estates in Boston and vicinity, where representatives of the family still reside, are well known. The Tudors have always been noted for public spirit, intelligence and refinement, and it was a streak of good luck for more than two that brought about the establishment of the family in America.—*Boston Commonwealth*

Will Senator Logan Contribute to the Conscience Fund.

When Gen. John Alexander Logan congratulated the Illinois Legislature on its choice of a Senator, he modestly expressed himself as follows:

"I hope I have so acted and deported myself in the position before me as to bring no discredit upon myself, Senate and country and my past history is the only guarantee I can give of my future course."

Since Gen. Logan asks for a verdict on his public career, we are obliged to say that there is at least one important matter that needs clearing up.

Gen. Logan's term did not expire until the 4th of last March. He left Washington on the 14th of January, and did not return. For a period of exactly two months he not only neglected but wholly abandoned his duties as Senator, and gave his entire time and undivided attention to electioneering in Springfield and Chicago, his only object being the promotion of his own political fortunes.

What we should like to know, before acceeding to Gen. Logan's expressed belief that he has done nothing discreditable, is whether he has refused to draw his salary as Senator for the two months between Jan. 4th and March 4th of the present year; or if, having drawn the money inadvertently, he intends to cover it back into the Treasury, or contribute it to the conscience fund.

Nothing is clearer than the fact that Gen. Logan has no moral right to take the people's money in payment for work which he has not performed. That is not all. He has no legal right to his salary for the months of January and February. His case is covered by section 40 of the Revised Statutes:

"The Secretary of the Senate shall deduct from the monthly payments of each member the amount of his salary for each day he has been absent from the Senate, unless such member assigns as the reason for such absence the sickness of himself or some member of his family."

And section 41 further provides:

"When any member withdraws from his seat and does not return before the adjournment of Congress he shall, in addition to the sum deducted for each day, forfeit a sum equal to the amount which he would have been allowed for his traveling expenses in returning home."

Gen. Logan's salary, allowances, and mileage tor the period during which he has deprived the Government of the United States of his valuable services amount to about $1000. We do not believe that Logan would steal $1000 directly out of the Treasury. What we want to know is whether he has drawn and intends to keep this $1,000, to which he has no moral or equitable claim, and which is expressly withheld from him by the laws that he has sworn to obey.

Then we shall be better able to say whether the Senator has so acted and deported himself as to bring no discredit upon himself, and to give a good guarantee of the perfect integrity of his future course.—*New York Sun.*

Two Kickers.

"Just my luck," he groaned as he came down stairs.

"Lost anything?"

"Everything! I wanted Brown, on the third floor, to sign a note with me. When I got to the second lauding I met a dog coming down."

"And you raised your hat?"

"Alas! No! I raised my foot."

"And it was Brown's dog?"

"It was, and he was looking over the railing."

"Why didn't you plead ignorance?"

"I did, and so did Brown. Hanged if he didn't kick me three times and then pretended to find out who I was. Under the circumstances I could not ask him to sign, you see."—*Detroit Free Press.*

A man in Lyon county, Kansas, fourteen years ago married a widow with a little daughter by a former husband. After twelve years he obtained a divorce from his wife and soon after married her daughter. The most novel feature of the matter is the fact that the divorced wife, now his mother-in-law, lives with her daughter and husband, and all are happy.

Murdered for a Dog.

Officer McCormick was standing in front of No. 528 Tenth avenue a few minutes before three o'clock one morning last week when he heard the footsteps of a man on the sidewalk. As the man neared a street lamp the officer saw that he carried a heavy bag upon his back.

"What have you in the bag?" he said.

The man turned without a start and replied calmly: "I have my wife in the bag."

As he said so he swung the bag from his shoulders to the sidewalk with a jerk, as one would throw a bag of corn on a wagon. To the horror of the policeman the head and feet of a dead woman appeared through the opening as it fell. A pull at the canvas sack brought the whole body into view. It had been doubled up and stuffed into the sack by main force. Once there it could not fall out and by grabbing the feet of the dead woman and the edge of the sack the man was enabled to carry it on his back, one foot on each shoulder. So he had carried it as afterward appeared, from No. 307 Tenth avenue to where Officer McCormick stopped him, one short block from the river.

"Where are you taking her and how came she to die?" asked the officer.

"To the river; I found her dead and thought I might bury her that way. I can't pay for a funeral."

The man spoke with a French accent, but without excitement. He was evidently neither drunk nor crazy. The policeman rapped for assistance. Officer Deering replied, and when a handcart had been procured the body was loaded on it and taken toward the police station in West Thirty-seventh street. The prisoner went along quietly, offering neither remonstrance nor explanation.

The man proved to be Louis Francois, a Frenchman. The woman was Selina Fehot, thirty-eight years old, with a son eighteen years of age, who lives in Boston. Francois, who is one year older than his paramour or wife, has worked for some time in the French polishing marble yard in West Thirty-second street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues. Three months ago the couple moved into the apartments where the crime was committed. At No. 307 there are three-story buildings on the front and rear lots. Francois lived on the ground floor in the rear structure. His three rooms were comfortably furnished and neatly kept. Both were persons in appearance above the average in the neighborhood, but both drank freely of beer, the man often to excess. They quarreled frequently. Two weeks ago, while in one of his convivial moods, he beat and kicked her while she was on the floor. Upon picking her up he was heard by tenants in the house to say, "I guess I've finished her this time."

The woman had repeatedly told the neighbors that she knew Francois would murder her at some time. The cause of the quarrel that is ended in death was a little hairless Japanese dog which the marble-polisher had found on a trip to High Bridge and had brought home. He gave it into the charge of his wife, telling her that it was valuable and that he might expect a big reward for it. Soon after he went out the dog was missing and Mrs. Francois sought it. At dark she gave up the search as hopeless. Mrs. Smith, a tenant in the front house, was looking out of her window on the second floor and seeing her in the yard asked what she was looking for, Mrs. Francois told her and added:

"The dog has run away and I am sure my husband will kill me for it."

Mrs. Smith told her not to be afraid, but to come up to her rooms as soon as she could and stay there. That the unhappy woman promised, but she failed to keep her promise.

That was at 8 o'clock. At 10 o'clock the marble polisher came home. He had been in but a little while when the noise of angry talk was heard by the neighbors. Mr. McBride, who lives in the rear house over the Frenchman, heard this, but paid no attention to it, the thing being of common occurrence. Half an hour later Francois was heard to go in and out several times through the hall, fretting and fuming at a great rate. By the time the tenants were again going to sleep he went out. It was midnight when McBride heard him return and thought he heard a noise as of a heavy fall in his room. Then all was quiet. Two hours later Policeman McCormick met him carrying the body through the street.

The room of Francois and his wife showed no evedence of a struggle. In the bed room the clothing of the dead woman was laid carefully aside, as if she had gone to bed little thinking of her speedy death. There was blood upon the sheets and pillow and marks on the woman's face showed that blood had flowed from her mouth. A silk handkerchief tied tight around the neck with a double knot in it showed that the woman had been strangled.

Francois claims to have married the woman in March of last year. To a reporter he said: I went to High Bridge to get some salary; when I came back I was followed by a dog; I thought it was a valuable dog and left him in the house; I went out to see if I could find an owner for him and get a reward; when I came back the dog was gone. I reproached my wife for losing him and she swore at me. At half-past seven o'clock she sent me out for beer. When I came back I found a man named William Welsh in the room with her. Welsh works in the same shop with me. She sat on my lap and kissed me. Then she threw a glass at me and then a can. She then went out. Then Welsh and I walked out a half a block and I left him to come home. When I came back she was lying on the floor dead. I waited an hour thinking she would revive. She did not. I don't know what was the cause of her death. She told me before she died that she did not care for me, but she liked the man who put up the wine for her. He is Leopold Saconville, and he lives with Mrs. Lynch on Broadway. After I found my wife was dead I took sixteen cents, went out and got a drink. In half an hour I came back and put her in the bag to throw her into the river."

Plain slippers are again worn trimmed with black ribbon bows.

Another Sam Patch.

JUMPS FROM THE BROOKLYN BRIDGE AND LOSES HIS LIFE.

About 4 o'clock Tuesday afternoon a cab left the New York entrance of the Brookly bridge and was driven to the middle of the great span. Here the driver pulled up his horses and two men got out and began to climb the railing. Before they reached the top a bridge policeman came running toward them, brandishing his club and ordering them to "Get down out of that." While he was talking with the young man a covered wagon containing Professor Robert E. Odlum and a companion stopped about a hundred feet behind the cab. Quickly divesting himself of the blue flannel suit in which he was dressed, Professor Odlum, clad in a red shirt and trunks, jumped from the carriage and sprang lightly to the railing. He quickly reached the top and poising himself for a moment he stood erect and glanced hurriedly at the surface of the East river, far below him. The people who were on the bridge in that vicinity sent up a cry of horror when they saw him prepare to plunge off the bridge into the water, 135 feet beneath his feet. The policeman whose attention had been directed from the daring swimmer turned his head just in time to take in the true situation. He left the two young men who had endeavored to throw him off the scent and rushed back toward the professor.

Before he had gone a dozen feet Professor Odlum, without a moment's hesitation, leaped from the railing into the air. He held one hand above his head as a rudder to guide him in his descent. The river below was at that moment clear of shipping. A tug and a schooner floated in the stream several hundred yards below the bridge. The tug was filled with reporters and men. Captain Paul Boyton stood anxiously watching the bridge.

The moment Professor Odlum's body was seen to leave the railing, Henry E. Dixey, the actor, started a stop-watch which he held in his hand in order to time the descent. For nearly a hundred feet the Professor came down all right, feet foremost. He shot downward with the speed of a meteor, his red suit making him easily discernible for a long distance. When within thirty feet of the water his body began to turn. As if realizing his danger, Professor Odlum brought down his hand with a wavelike motion to aid him in recovering his balance. The movement was, however, made too late. His body had now turned so far that it was impossible to change its course. Half a second later, with a mighty splash that threw up the water on all sides, as if torn with a shell, Professor Odlum's body struck the water on one side and sank out of sight. The tug hurriedly pushed itself forward to the place where the body fell, and Captain Boyton, after seeing that life-preservers had been thrown out into the water, sprang over the side of the boat and waited for the body to come to the surface. Some one saw the white face of the professor rising from the water, and a moment later and he was by his side. Seizing a life-preserver which floated near, he with difficulty placed it beneath the body of the now insensible Professor. Blood mingled with froth came from the mouth of the daring man.

A row boat came to the rescue of the captain and his charge was soon pushed within his reach. With considerable difficulty the body of the professor was dragged into the boat. A few moments later it was transferred to the tug and restoratives were administered. After considerable rubbing the eyes of the sufferer opened and he recognized the face of Captain Boyton.

"What kind of a jump did I make?" he whispered.

"First class my boy," responded the captain. "You'll be all right in a little while."

But he was insensible again before the words had hardly left his lips. The prow of the tug was turned toward Old Slip and all steam was crowded on. Just as the pier was reached a shudder passed through the frame of the professor and then, after breathing heavily once or twice, his heart stopped beating and death came to his relief. Sorrowfully the body was taken ashore and conveyed by carriage to the undertaker's in Pearl street.

ODLUM'S PREVIOUS FEATS.

It was the ambition of Odlum's life to make this jump from the Brooklyn bridge. He made the attempt once before the bridge was completed, but was prevented from carrying out his scheme by the police. He was born in Washington and his mother and sister now reside there. His sister is Mrs. Charlotte Smith, well known in New York and Chicago from her connection with the work of opening new fields for woman's industry. Odlum was thirty-seven years old and had gained considerable notoriety as a long distance swimmer several years ago. In 1876 he swam from Point Lookout to Fortress Monroe. In 1878 he started a natatorium in New York, which was successful for several years, until he began to neglect it. He has several times jumped from great heights into the water. In 1880, during the Hanlan Courtney race, he jumped from the aqueduct bridge to the Potomac, and later from the top of the smoke-stack of the steamer Lady of the Lake, a distance of more than 100 feet. Of recent years he has been employed as swimming instructor at the Hygeia Hotel at Fortress Monroe, and last fall saved from drowning at that place a son of the late Schuyler Colfax. His last employment was at Willards Hotel, in Washington, which he left to come to New York to make this jump. Odlum's mother and sister did all they could to prevent his making the jump from the bridge, and sent telegrams to the Chiefs of Police of Brooklyn and New York asking them to interfere. At their solicitation, Major Dye, Chief of Police of Washington telegraphed the Chiefs at New York and Brooklyn to the same effect.

There is a religious sect in Ohio which believes that when human beings die they turn into cats. Doesn't it make a man shiver, though, to think that perhaps he has been slinging boot jacks all winter at his wife's grandmother.

Fifteen Lives lost in a Burning Building in Cincinnati.

At 1½ P. M., Thursday of last week, bystanders on the south side of Sixth street, between Walnut and Main streets, Cincinnati, heard a muffled explosion in the second story of No. 19, a five-story brick building, occupied from the second story up by Sullivan & Co's. steam printing works. This was followed by puffs of flame and smoke from the open windows in every story from the second to the roof. The fire seemed hottest in the second story, and the great throngs that immediately filled the street in front of the building saw that all retreat from the three upper stories was cut off. There was no fire escape to the building, and the little narrow stairway within coiled around the elevator, which served as a flue to conduct the flames upward. A line of telegraph wires in front of the building proved a barrier to the putting up of the fire ladders.

Just as the ladder wagon ran out of the engine house, only two squares distant, a woman leaped from the fifth-story window and was dashed to death on the sidewalk. Another followed her and met the same fate. Two strong men tried to catch them, but were dashed to the pavement and were severely injured. All four of the fifth story windows were full of men and girls. In one stood John Sullivan, a cousin of one of the proprietors of the printing works. The employees of Kinsey, in the adjoining building, climbed on the roof and let down an old black rope. All other means of escape had been cut off by the flames. John Sullivan had his hand on the rope ready to leap out and let himself down. Behind him stood two girls, whose terror-stricken faces appealed for help. He turned from his contemplated movement and placed the rope into the hands of one of the girls and bade her let herself down while he stood encouragingly above. Amid the breathless silence of the crowd she slowly made her way to the pavement, and then, with the fire almost licking his hair and a terrible death staring him in the face, Sullivan placed the rope in the hands of the second girl, who bravely slid down to safety. When she reached the pavement a wild shout of enthusiasm went up from the crowd that as yet did not realize how many lives were going out above where the smoke poured from the windows on the fourth floor. Sullivan then took hold of the rope, while the flames were sweeping about him, and the hearts of all stood still as hand over hand he descended. But he was too late. The fire had burned the rope on the window sill and it gave way when he was opposite the fourth-story window. And the brave boy passed swiftly through the air to his doom. Tears sprang to the eyes of many, and a groan from the throng of spectators drowned the dull thud of his body as it struck the pavement.

After the hero Sullivan was killed there were others in the windows begging to be rescued. One was a man hanging from a windowsill by the tips of his fingers. Men on the pavement urged him to hold on until the firemen held up a tarpaulin under the window and shouted to him to let go. He swung out from the wall, came down, crushed the tarpaulin to the sidewalk and was killed. The firemen held the tarpaulin higher and told a woman to jump. She was badly hurt, but is alive. The firemen had little to do in subjugating the flames, which was accomplished in a few minutes. Their chief work was rescuing the dead.

The scene of the fire was heartrending. Mothers and fathers and sisters and brothers and friends crowded forward against the cordon of police, wringing their hands and moaning piteously. The police were powerless to stay the crush, and even a rope cordon was broke through. Whenever a dead body was taken out there was a harrowing scene. As the minutes passed the horror was augmented by hundreds, until lives became endangered by the passing patrol wagons. The bodies were taken out rapidly through the front door on the ground floor east, and were carried into the establishment of J. R. Kinsey, No. 21, where Dennis Sullivan afterward made an effort, with the assistance of male employees of the printing office, to identify them before a patrol wagon should arrive.

"This one I don't know," said Dennis when the covering had been removed from a face that bore traces of agony. "There were two girls who had been with us two or three days only, and I don't know their names."

"This is Mary Ragan or Nannie Shepherd," he continued. But before all of the faces could be examined in the dim light of the store the police removed the bodies to the wagon that had arrived.

The scene at the undertaker's was such as would melt a heart of adamant. Outside was a great crowd of men and women. They were very quiet, except the broken-hearted relatives, who were sobbing inconsolably. As soon as the bodies could be arranged, relatives were admitted. It was hard to identify the dead. In one case a policeman of Covington, Ky., identified his sisters, Lizzie and Dollie Handel, who were twins. Mrs. Meiers found the body of her daughter, and had to be led away from the terrible sight. Mrs. Leaban had the awful experience of finding her three daughters among the dead. They three girls who jumped from the windows of the blazing building had no appearance of being scorched, but they were badly bruised. The total number of the dead is fifteen.

The largest and finest memorial stone in the Washington monument is the one presented by the Corporation of Philadelphia. The stone sent by Switzerland bears this inscription: "This block is from the origiual chapel built to William Tell, in 1338, on Lake Lucerne, Switzerland, at the spot where he escaped from Gessler." Since it was sent here, the Historical Society of Switzerland has demonstrated that no such persons as Tell and Gessler ever existed.

Every plant begins life like an animal—a consumer, not a producer. Not until the young shoot rises above the soil and unfolds itself to the light of the sun, at the touch of whose rays chlorophyl is created, does real constructive vegetation begin. Then the plant's mode of life is reversed; carbon is retained and oxygen set free.

An Infant Murderess.

An attempted child murder occurred in Port Jefferson, L. I., recently. The would-be murderess is a little toddler of 4 years, while her victim breathed its first a little over six months ago. The condition of the baby sister was such that its recovery could not be assured, and should it live it will be disfigured for life. On the west side of Port Jefferson harbor stands a small frame dwelling house occupied by Maison Lewis (colored), his wife and three children, the oldest a boy of 6 years. Lewis is a laborer and leaves home every morning to work on one of the farms in the neighborhood. His wife washes for the farmers. Early in the morning she left her infant sleeping in a cradle in the bed room. Outside her four year-old daughter Lizzie and her son Harry were playing. After bidding them to take good care of the baby she hurried on to her work. Lizzie suddenly jumped to her feet and lisped: "Lets till baby, will we?"

The little boy followed her into the house and into the room where the baby was quietly sleeping. Placing a chair in front of a shelf on which lay the knife that her father uses in dressing fish, Lizzie obtained it, and toddled over to the side of the cradle, saying to Harry: "Watch me." Lizzie was laughing, while the boy, half frightened for fear she was in earnest, said "Don't hurt her, Lizzie, or she'll try." Reaching the cradle they both stood by it watching the sleeping babe, when suddenly Lizzie's arm was uplifted and fell, the knife penetrating the infant's eye. The blood spouted and the babe screamed, while the boy, now thoroughly alarmed, rushed from the house screaming and crying. Lizzie did not mind the blood, but as the baby screamed and cried it seemed to add to her delight, and she kept on slashing and cutting until satisfied, when she threw the knife into the cradle and started for the yard.

Mrs. Lewis who had been informed of the occurrence by her son, hurried home. Lizzie met her at the gate, and clasping her little hands together, on which were spots of blood, exclaimed: "O mamma, dust see baby, all tut up," and she laughed and toddled into the room behind her mother, who, when she gazed into the cradle and moved back the blood-stained blanket, realized the truthfulness of Lizzie's words. Without waiting to question her daughter, she clasped the little bleeding baby to her breast and hurried across the street to a neighbor's house, and, leaving the little sufferer to be cared for, hurried to the village for medical aid. The face was a mass of cuts and stabs, from which the blood was flowing. Lizzie has always evinced a hatred for the baby, and frequently told her mother that it should be cut up.

Variety of Grain Food.

The most successful farmers, says the *Ploughman*, feed their stock on a variety of food. Experience has proved that a herd of cattle fed on but one kind of fodder, though it may be the best that grows, will not keep as healthy or do as well as if fed on several kinds. While the principle food may be composed of that fodder which can be grown on the farm to the best advantage, a change to some other fodder not as easily grown is very often desirable.

Among the fodder crops that can be eas

THE COLUMBIAN.

G. E. Elwell, J. K. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, MAY, 29, 1885.

Daniel O. Barr has been appointed by President Cleveland, to be surveyor of Customs at Pittsburg.

Victor Hugo the French poet died at Paris on Friday last, at the advanced age of 83 years.

Major William R. Kutzner, for years past carrying on a large drug and hardware business in Shamokin died on Saturday last.

First Assistant Postmaster-General Malcolm Hay was at his desk in the department on Saturday last, considerably improved in health. He has no intention of resigning, but will give strict attention to the business before him.

The miners convention was held at Pottsville on Saturday of last week. Aid was ordered to be sent to the Jeddo and Green Ridge strikers. The officers were directed to lay before the Legislature their objections to the proposed new mine law.

A bill is now before the legislature fixing the salary of members at $1500 for a regular, and $500 for a special session of whatever length, and giving the chief clerk $2500 a year; the reading clerk $2000; the resident and journal clerks $1500; and the message clerks $1000 a year. None of these officers are paid when the legislature is not in session except the resident clerk, whose pay continues. Should this bill become a law it will take effect December, 1886.

The Congressional apportionment bill which has passed finally and is in the hands of the Govenor, gives the republicans eighteen certain districts, and the democrats eight with two doubtful districts. The 24th district is composed of Lycoming, Sullivan, Montour. Columbia and Northumberland.

Our Senatorial district is to be composed of Lycoming and Columbia. Sullivan and Montour which were in the old district will be pat in some other district.

The State Legislature on Tuesday passed finally the following: Bills requiring hawkers and peddlers of domestic goods to take out a license, for which they shall pay $50. No license is required to sell agricultural implements, sewing machines, musical instruments, books, pictures, paintings or statuary.

Bill establishing a uniform compensation (50 cents a day and 3 cents a mile) to be allowed witnesses before justices of the peace and alderman.

Bill requiring all deeds to be recorded within thirty days after delivering.

Among the more important appointments made by the president Saturday, were ex-senator Edward G. Rose, of New Mexico, to be govenor of the territory of New Mexico, Marias Taylor, of Dakota, to be surveyor general of Dakota; D. Ware, of Missouri, Superintendent of the Yellowstone National Park; vice E. Carpenter removed. To be Attorneys of the United States—Henry W. McCorry, for the Western district of Tennessee; John E. Carland, territory of Dakota; James H. Hawley, territory of Idaho; John Creeps Wickliff, district of Kentucky. To be United States Marshal—Walter H. Bunn, for the northern district of New York, Michael M. Phelan, of Missouri, to be consul-general of the United States at Halifax.

The house 2,009 Chestnut street, which at the close of the war was purchased by the citizens of Philadelphia and presented to General Grant with an invitation to come and reside in the Quaker City, and which was owned until a short time ago by the general, but which was made over to William H. Vanderbilt in a security for a loan advanced to Grant & Ward, and which went in the financial crash which overtook that firm some months ago, was sold at auction Tuesday by M. Thomas & Sons. The property cost the citizens of Philadelphia $32,000. It was knocked down for $22,000 to Frank K. Hess, of 205 South Sixth street. The lot has a frontage on Chestnut street of 22 feet and a depth of 164 ft to Johnson street. The building is a four-story brick and contains eighteen rooms.

Col. L. Markbreit, Assistant United States Treasurer at Cincinnati, on Sunday, removed the coin and currency in his care from the old Post Office building to the new quarters on the second floor of the new Government building. There was some apprehension that the removal might be attended with danger of robbery, but the utmost care was taken to prevent loss. The contract for the removal was given to the Adams Express Company, and was executed under the personal supervision of the Assistant Treasurer and his officers. The work began at 8 a. m., and was completed at 4 p. m. One million dollars in silver required ten wagon loads. The gold was less troublesome, and the paper money, although greater in volume than all the rest, was carried in a large trunk or box in one wagon. A strong force of police kept people away from the loading and unloading points, and armed men rode on all the wagons. It is said that the express company was paid $600 for the work.

First Assistant Postmaster General Malcolm Hay said that in his judgment the Postmasters and others subject to removal should be divided into two classes—the first offensive partisans, and the second, neglecting to give attention to duties. He then gave his definition of an "offensive partisan." It was expected that every postmaster should keep his office in a convenient place for the public, in good condition, clean, and in all respects a place where people of all kinds could go without being subjected to annoyance. If, on the contrary, a Postmaster should make his Post Office the headquarters of loafers to congregate, and in other ways offend the people who called there for their mail, such a man could be properly called an offensive partisan and a fit subject for removal. The next class embraced the Postmasters who left their offices to attend political meetings and participate in campaigns to the extent of neglecting their duties. They could not, properly speaking, be called offensive partisans, but they merited dismissal just the same.

The monument to Frederick Lauer, the deceased brewer of Reading, the gift of the United States Brewers' Congress to the city of Reading, was unveiled in the City Park of Reading, on Saturday. The monument is sixteen feet high, and represents Lauer full sized, standing uncovered, manuscript in hand, delivering a speech. This is the first instance on record in this country where a member of the brewing interest has been awarded by a memorial. The monument contains two significant inscriptons: "His zeal sprung from his firm conviction that in striving to advance the brewing trade he was working for the cause of national temperance." "Let his example tell the brewers of this country to maintain good fellowship, to preserve their association and to defend their rights." Among the public bodies participating in the ceremonies were the United States Brewers' Congress, which Lauer organized, being its first president, Reading City Councils, the Board of Trade, the School Board, the Liquor Dealers' Association, the County Agricultural Society, the Knights Templars and other secret societies.

Balance in the Treasury.

The statement of the United States Treasury shows gold, silver, United States notes and other funds in the treasury as follows:—

Gold coin and bullion, $244,709,380; silver dollars and bullion, $165,783,106; fractional siver coin, $31,108,068; United States notes, $50,165,218; national bank notes, $2,271,955; national bank notes in process of redemption, $7,323,304; deposits with national bank depositaries, $10,213,499; total $511,574,497. Certificates outstanding—gold, $129,547,060; silver, $105,747,696; currency, $26,610,000; internal revenue receipts, $325,848; customs, $748,245.

Constitutional Amendment.

Two years ago Senator Humes read in his place an amendment to section five, article five of the constitution. This section says "whenever a county shall contain 40,000 inhabitants it shall constitute a separate judicial district, and shall elect one judge learned in the law." It then provides for the election of additional judges and the forming of other counties into convenient single districts or attaching them to contiguous district. Senator Humes' amendment provided that "whenever a county shall have 60,000 inhabitants it shall constitute a separate judicial district."

This session he again introduced his amendment, still farther modifying the language with the assistance of Senator Wolverton, so as to read "whenever a county shall have 60 000 inhabitants it may constitute a separate judicial district," and forming all counties that do not constitute separate districts into separate convenient districts. This amendment finally passed the Senate last Thursday and is now in the house committe on constitutional reform, the chairman of which, Mr. Lowry, is its warm friend. The indication therefore is that it will pass the house.

To show the necessity of the amendment Senator Humes obtained from most of the counties the number of days their courts, "civil, criminal, jury and argument" were in session during the year 1884. From this it appears that many judicial districts held court less than one hundred days and quite a number from sixty to eighty days. The question of cost alone should have no weight as against the proper administration of justice, but when there is great increase in the cost of the judicial system, and the judicial business is less than it was ten years ago, necessity demands a charge. Experience teaches that judicial districts should be formed on business principles and not upon population. Senator Humes' amendment places it in the power of the legislature to make judicial apportionments on a business basis and the interests of the people as well as the judiciary demand its adoption by the legislature and its ratification by the people.—*Patriot.*

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, May 25, 1885.

To those who expected a grand and startling transformation scene as soon as Mr. Cleveland was fairly in office, the present condition of things is very disappointing. But to those who know that startling transformation is not necessarily reformation, and that the latter can be attained only through careful and well considered action, there is much for encouragement. The magnitude of the wholesale changes that have taken place is known best by those who will never tell it. All the Republican clerks in all the Departments, are working better and accomplishing more, drinking less, paying their old debts and enjoying better health than ever before. They are doing more work because the Secretaries of the different Departments have given them to understand that idle clerks will be discharged, and have emphasized their meaning by turning some idlers out. Their improved health is attributable to the fact that orders have gone out that absence on account of sickness will be deducted from the 30 days summer vacation that has been allowed Government clerks. This order has had such a healthy effect that absence from alleged sickness has declined fully one hundred per cent. Indebtedness and drunkenness have declined because it is understood that decency, competency and honesty will be insisted upon by this Democratic Administration. These reforms are best known by the Republican clerks themselves but they are a kind of reform that reflects but little glory upon them or their party. I venture to predict that in about nine months from now, when the work of the first year of the new administration can be reviewed, a very favorable showing will be made and it will be found that not only a larger amount of work has been done, but that it has been accomplished more economically and with a smaller force. In a month from now it is believed that very important changes will have been made. It has been found impracticable to make these changes as rapidly as was desired owing partly to the lack of acquaintance of Mr. Cleveland and his Cabinet with the routine and the personel of the different bureaus, and partly to the conflicting claims of the many applicants for office. But the knowledge to intelligent action is being rapidly acquired and it is reported that extensive changes will be made about the 30th of June.

No Department of the Government has been worse mismanaged than that of Agriculture. The late Commissioner spent his time from June to November making speeches for Blaine and the new Commissioner appointed by President Cleveland found that $38 was the unexpended balance left him for carrying on the Department for three months, or until the appropriations of the next fiscal year shall become available.

How this state of affairs has been brought about is easy to see. There is no doubt that funds have been largely used to promote the election of the Republican candidate for the Presidency. For the purpose of carrying favor and gaining votes, the salaries of employes in various states have been largely increased. Thus, in one instance, a man in the statistical department ont in Kansas had his salary raised from $800 to $2000, while his chief in the Bureau at Washington only gets $1,500. This wholesale distribution of the funds of the department for political purposes soon ran away with the appropriation, and to this as much as any other cause the bankrupt condition of the Agricultural Bureau is to be attributed. The original intent of Congress in appropriating money for the distribution of seeds was to buy rare grains beyond the reach of ordinary agriculturists and so distribute them as to improve the character of our crop. Instead of this, however, the recent Commissioner bought for free distribution ordinary seeds to be found in every seed store in the country. The true character of these common seeds was hidden under high sounding names and they were sent by Congressmen broadcast throughout their districts for the purpose of making votes. For the last five year the bureau has not introduced a single new grain of any value, nor has it done one thing to aid the true interests of agriculture.

THE BUCKALEWS.

MESSRS. EDITORS:

Dear Sirs:—Excuse me for presenting a letter mixed with history, reminiscences and personalities. The opportunity presented itself and w[illegible] improved it. If exceptions should be taken to it, protect us from all harm. In the south eastern portion of Fishingcreek township, Columbia county, a little way back from the North Mountain, alongside the Luzerne county line and extending to the old Berwick turupike was a timber tract of several hundred acres, or, what might be termed a very dense forest of towering pines of exquisite beauty and quality, which seemed to contain an inexhaustible supply of lumber. The owner, or owners, always lumbering, drew from the forest with a studied economy, and with a judicious view for the best preservation of the timber. A sawmill run by water power located on big Pine Creek did its yearly work from time immemorial during water supply times on the manufacture of lumber with telling effect. It is no longer a forest that could defy the lumberman's axe with impunity. There are yet many pines, but wonderfully thinned out, but not culled. That has not been part of the programme. This tract was owned by John M. Buckalew, long since dead, but nevertheless still owned by the surviving heirs, viz: William (deceased's) heirs, Perry, Charles R., John M., well we can not positively say, but think Mahalah, wife of B. C. Hess. The Buckalew family was a remarkable one. The father, a powerful man of constitution and will, was slow of speech, but every word was coined in to opinion that could neither be refuted nor gainsayed. The old venerable neighbor we will remember to our dying day. William was a surveyor and the counterpart of his father in integrity and character, though not in constitution and fatigue enduring powers. He had a turning lathe also run by water power located on the same stream and residing only across the bridge from the homestead. Perry is a farmer and an excellent citizen whose integrity has never been questioned, and as candid in every expression as though it were gospel truth. His physique is more delicate than that of his brothers. John M. owns the homestead, and is counseled much in consequence of his business qualifications and legal knowledge gained by close application and study. He has a large library and insatiable thirst for reading. Mahalah, more properly Mrs. Hess resides at Van Camp, in a beautiful rural home, amuses herself very much with her pet bird of the parrot kind, which her brother brought from South America and presented it to her on his return home, when Minister at Equedor, under Buchanan's administration. The bird has long since gone blind and is no less than twenty-seven years old. It has such a powerful beak that it can therewith crack walnuts. It has a beautiful plumage, and while it can ramble all over a tree, yet it never could fly on account of the unproportionate contrast between its body and wings. We doubt whether Mrs. Hess would exchange it for a farm. Mrs. Hess is a woman of dignity and character, and portrays a noble bearing. Charles R. the most distinguished personage in the county and perhaps in the state, second to none in ability and intellect, and devoted to his profession and renowned in its practice, has had a very brilliant and successful career, with a probability of reaching the highest climax attainable in the nation's honor—a result devoutly hoped for by all his friends. The following anecdote we have frequently heard related, but for its truthfulness we can not vouch. That when a small boy his father set him to hoeing corn, and when asked how many rows he had hoed, said he could not tell, but told how many hills there were in the field, Upon this startling development of mathematical comparisons the father decided that it paid better to send the boy to school than to keep him at the farm. If this anecdote is true it only further proves the wisdom and prudence so characteristic of the father, in shaping the future destiny of his son. The Buckalew family is an honored and a distinguished one though all are republicans except Charles R. Many laughable anecdotes we could relate as told by John M. with whom we are more intimately acquainted than with any other member of the family. Excuse me, I should say, Captain John M. Buckalew, if you please. X. Y. Z.

Overhauling the Republican Rascals.

In ordering a searching inquiry into the history of the so-called repairs upon the third-rate man-of-war Mohican, Secretary Whitney begins a task entirely in the interest of truth and justice We believe that he is the man to carry through the work.

The wooden ship Mohican, of 19,000 tons displacement, was ordered to the Mare Island Navy Yard in 1875 for repairs and reconstuction upon the Robbersonian plan. This vessal was then about fourteen years old It had originally cost $333,000 to build her. During the six years immediately preceding the time when Secor Robberson took the Mohican in hand, more than $237,000 had been expended in repairs on her hull, and more than $537,000 on her boilers and machinery. This ought to have left the ship in fair condition, to say the least; but Robberson took her out of commission and sent her to Mare Island to be overhauled anew. The process has been going on for thirteen years under Robberson and his successors of the same dynasty. The Mohican is about ready to go to sea, where she will be of the slightest value either for defensive or offensive naval warfare.

This, in brief, is the history of a ship to whose case *The Sun* has repeatedly called the attention of the public.

Secretary Whitney says that the aggragate amount of money expended on the Mohican since she has been docked in 1875 is nearly $900,000, and that more than two-thirds of this amount has been spent during the administration of his cheerful predecessor, the Hon. William E. Chandler. From Mr. Whitney's statement and the figures already on record, it is easy to compute the total cost of the Mohican as she stands to-day:

Original cost of machinery	$333,000
Repairs, Bureau of Construction, previous to 1872	237,000
Repairs, Bureau of Steam Engineering previous to 1872	83,000
Bureau of Equipment previous to 1872	126,000
Repairs since 1872 and to date	900,000
Total for the Mohican	$1,670,000

Mr. Whitney says that a new ship of the same character and class could have been built for $250,000.

Startling as this exposure of dishonesty extravagance and systematic plundering appears, the Mohican is only a speciman case. For about fifteen years we have been engaged in exhibiting the fruits of Robbersonism in the Navy Department. As we have shown time and time again, the process of rigid and impartial investigation which the first honest and fearless Secretary of the Navy since 1869 proposes to apply to the Mohican, would reveal in the case of almost every other vessel of the United States, wooden or iron clad, the same enormous disproportion between the amount of money expended and the results obtained for the expenditure.

Mr. Whitney is going to work in the right way. Every honest citizen is with him. Let the whole infamous record of Republican rascality in the Navy Department be uncovered to the light of day.—*N. Y. Sun.*

CANDIDATES.

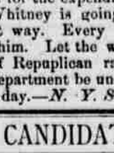
FOR SHERIFF.
WILLIAM MILLER,
OF CENTRE.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic party.

FOR SHERIFF.
E. M. KUNKEL,
OF FISHINGCREEK.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic party.

FOR SHERIFF.
SAMUEL SMITH,
OF FISHINGCREEK.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic party.

FOR SHERIFF.
H. C. KELCHNER,
OF SCOTT.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic party.

ROYAL

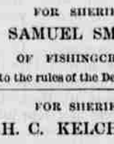


BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-St., N. Y. aug 11-1 y.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS



PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

Trade Mark. On Every Bottle.

THE BEST TONIC.

This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, and Neuralgia.

It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives.

It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—*other Iron medicines do.*

It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves Heartburn and Belching, and strengthens the muscles and nerves.

For Intermittent Fevers, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, &c., it has no equal.

☞ The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other.

Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

CRYING FOR AID.

Loss of Appetite, Headache, Depression, Indigestion and Constipation, Biliousness, a Sallow Face, Dull Eyes, and a Blotched Skin, are among the symptoms which indicate that the Liver is crying for aid.

Ayer's Pills

will stimulate the Liver to proper action, and correct all these troubles. One or more of these Pills should be taken daily, until health is fully established. Thousands testify to their great merit.

No family can afford to be without AYER'S PILLS.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

KEYSTONE ACADEMY.

A school for both sexes. Separate building of brick, heated by steam, for the use of Ladies.

PROPERTY COST $50,000.

Prepares

For BUSINESS For COLLEGE,
—AND—
FOR TEACHING.

Special attention paid to students whose school privileges have been limited.

CLASS IN PHYSIOLOGY EACH TERM.

Location Exceptionally Healthful

COST TO BOARDERS

PER YEAR $154.

Reduced rates on D. L. & W. R. R. Seventeenth year begins August 25. For catalogue or information address

REV. JOHN H. HARRIS, PH. D.
FACTORYVILLE, PA.
May 29, 3m.

MALARIAL POISON.

The principal cause of nearly all sickness at this time of the year has its origin in a disordered Liver, which, if not regulated in time, great suffering wretchedness and death will ensue. A gentleman writing from South America says: "I have used your Simmons' Liver Regulator with good effect, both as a prevention and cure for Malarial Fevers on the Isthmus of Panama."

—(—:o:—)—

TAKE

Simmons' Liver Regulator

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICIE.

An Effectual Specific

FOR

MALARIAL FEVERS,
BOWEL COMPLAINTS,
JAUNDICE,
COLIC,
RESTLESSNESS,
MENTAL DEPRESSION
SICK HEADACHE,
CONSTIPATION,
NAUSEA,
BILIOUSNESS,
DYSPEPSIA, &c.

—(—:o:—)—

If you feel drowsy, debilitated, have frequent headache, mouth tastes badly, poor appetite, and tongue coated, you are suffering from torpid liver or "biliousness," and nothing will cure you so speedily and permanently as to take

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR.

It is given with safety, and the happiest results to the most delicate infant. It takes the place of quinine and bitters of every kind. It is the cheapest, purest and best family medicine in the world.

J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Phila,

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

may 29-1y

ASSIGNEE'S SALE
OF VALUABLE
Real Estate!

The undersigned appointed Assignee of C. B. Brockway of Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pa., will offer at public sale at the Court House,

Saturday, June 20th, 1885,

at 10 o'clock, a. m., the following valuable properties, to-wit:

FIRST.—Three building lots in Glen City, Beaver twp. formerly in the name of Charles R. Barnes.

SECOND.—A tract of timber land in Locust twp. in the warrantee name of John Everhart, containing four hundred acres more or less.

THIRD.—Tract of timber land in Roaringcreek and Locust townships, in the warrantee name of Thomas Barnes, Jr., containing sixty acres more or less.

The above properties will be sold in the order named, the Assignee reserving the power to adjourn the sale from time to time, as circumstances may require.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-half less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale; and the remaining one-half in three months thereafter, with interest from confirmation nisi.

M. P. LUTZ, Assignee.

ALEXANDER BROS. & CO.,

Offer to the Trade their Fine Brand of Cigars.

The Landres,
Henry Clay,
Normal,
Samson, and
Cosmopolitan

Fine Fruits and Fine Confectionery on hand. Fresh every week. Bloomsburg, Pa. Feb. 27

BLOOMSBURG PLANING MILL

—:o:—

The undersigned having put his Planing Mill on Railroad Street, in first-class condition, is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line.

FRAMES, SASH, DOORS,
BLINDS, MOULDINGS,
FLOORING, Etc.

furnished at reasonable prices. All lumber used is well seasoned and none but skilled workmen are employed.

ESTIMATES FOR BUILDINGS

furnished on application. Plans and specifications prepared by an experienced draughtsman

CHARLES KRUG,
Bloomsburg, Pa

H. G. Eshleman,

Plumber and gas fitter. Rear of Schuyler's hardware store.

Bloomsburg, Pa.

All kinds of fittings for steam, gas and water pipes constantly on hand.

Roofing and spouting attended to at short notice.

Tinware of every description made to order.

Orders left at Schuyler & Co's., hardware store will be promptly filled.

Special attention given to heating by steam and hot water.

y 9-1y

NEW LUMBER YARD.

The undersigned has started a lumber yard, and has on hand all kinds of

HEMLOCK LUMBER

of the best quality, Boards, Scantling, Joists, Fencing, and every other shape up to 32 feet long. Inquire at T. Heck's Store.

J. F. RINK,

LIGHTSTREET, PA.

Feb 27-3m

E. B. BROWER,

PLUMBING,

GAS FITTING & STEAM HEATING.

DEALER IN

STOVES & TINWARE.

All kinds of work in Sheet Iron, Roofing and Spouting promptly attended to.

☞ Strict attention given to heating by steam.

Corner of Main & East Sts.,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

PARKER'S TONIC

A Pure Family Medicine that never Intoxicates.

If you are wasting away from age, dissipation or any disease or weakness and require a stimulant take Parker's Tonic at once; it will invigorate and build you up from the first dose will never intoxicate. It has saved hundreds of lives, it may save yours.

HISCOX & CO.,

163 William Street, New York.

50c. and $1 sizes, at all dealers in medicines. Great saving in buying dollar size.

may 29-4w d

CLOTHING!

CLOTHING!

BERTSCH'S, AT BERTSCH'S,

THE ARTIST

CUTTER

AND

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Who always gives you the latest styles, and cuts your clothing to fit you. Having had the experience for a number of years in the Tailoring Business, has learned what material will give his customers the best satisfaction for wear and style and will try to please all who give him a call. Also on hand

Gents' Furnishing Goods

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

HATS, CAPS, AND UMBRELLAS

Always of the latest styles. Call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Store next door to First National Bank

Corner Main & Market Sts.

Bloomsburg, Pa.

April 25-1y

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate!

In pursuance of an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Pa., the undersigned executors of John Kelchner, deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises on

Saturday, June 13th, 1885,

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day the following described real estate, to-wit:

All that certain plantation, tract or piece of land situate in Centre township Columbia county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a pine tree in line of land formerly belonging to William Sloan and now to Martha Sigfried, thence by land now or late of John Hill, south thirty-two degrees east one hundred and ninety-five perches and eight-tenths to a stone, thence by lands of Sarah Conner and estate of John Conner, Jr., dec'd, south sixty-three degrees west, ninety-five perches to a stone; thence by lands of Henry C. Barton and wife north thirty-two degrees west, one hundred and eighty-nine perches and five-tenths to a pine knot, thence by land of Martha Sigfried north fifty-nine degrees east, ninety-four perches and eight-tenths to the place of beginning, containing one hundred and fourteen acres and twenty-six perches be the same more or less all in a high state of cultivation, on which is erected a two-story brick dwelling house, large bank barn, wagon shed and all the necessary outbuildings. A large apple orchard and a well of good water at the door.

ALSO

at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day on the premises in Scott township, county and state aforesaid, the following described real estate, to-wit:

All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in Scott township, Col. Co., Pa., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Adjoining lands of Aaron Boone and Peter Hagenbuch on the north, lands of James Lake and Alfred Mood on the west, the north branch of the Susquehanna River on the south, and lands of Aaron Boone, G. W. Creveling & Co., J. R. Faus, Ruckel & Creveling, and others on the east, containing ninety acres, more or less with the appurtenances all in fine cultivation, on which is erected a two-story brick dwelling house, large frame barn, wagon shed and outbuildings. A large apple orchard on the premises and a good well of water at the door. This tract to be sold subject to the dower of $300 in favor of Eli Creveling's widow and heirs.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation absolute; and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi and deed to be delivered to the purchaser at his expense on payment of the whole of the purchase money. Possession to be delivered April 1, 1886. No straw to be removed from the premises. The purchaser to have the landlord's share of the winter grain sown this fall. All the grain and crops now in the ground are reserved.

H. C. KELCHNER,
E. L. KELCHNER,
GEO. W. KELCHNER, } Executors.

May 22-tf

EVERY ONE Who Owns a WAGON Wants A EUREKA FOLDING CANOPY TOP. Folds up like an umbrella. Weighs less than 12 lbs. Can be taken off or put on in 2 minutes. Made in sizes to fit business wagons, pleasure wagons and buggies. Send for illustrated circular and price list. Agents wanted everywhere. State where you saw this. D. G. BEERS & CO., Patentees and Manuf'rs, Sandy Hook, Conn.

may 15-4w

PRICE LIST OF

ROOFING SLATE

On Cars at Quarry.

No. 1 Slate	$3.00 to $4.00
No. 1 Rib Slate	4.00 to 3.25
Seconds	3.00
No. 2 Rib Slate	2.50

J. L. HULL,
25 Lackawanna Avenue, Scranton, Pa
may 22-1y

WANTED IMMEDIATELY!

A FEW GOOD MEN to canvass for the sale of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Vines, Roses, &c. No Experience Required. Liberal Wages Address H. J. BOWDEN & CO., Brighton, N. Y.

may 22-2w d

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$.95 1 05
Rye " "	60
Corn " "	50
Oats " "	40
Flour per barrel	5 & 5 25
Cloverseed	8 00
Butter	22
Eggs	12
Tallow	06
Potatoes new	40
Dried Apples	04
Hams	14
Sides and shoulders	9
Chickens	10
Turkeys	12
Lard per pound	10
Hay per ton	16 00
Beeswax	25
Hides per lb	5 to 7
Veal skins per lb	08
Wool per lb	35

Philadelphia Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

FEED—Western winter bran, spot, 14 @ 14.75 ; red middlings 15 @ 16.50

FLOUR.—Western extra's 3.50 @ 3.87; Penn'a family, 4.00 @ 4.25 Ohio clear, 4.5 @ 5.00; winter patent 5.37 @ 6.00.

WHEAT—Pennsylvania red, No. 1, 1.12.

CORN.—54 @ 56.

OATS.—No. 3 white @ 41 No. 2, 45

HAY AND STRAW Timothy—Choice Western and New York, 22. fair to good Western and New York, 20. @ 21.; medium Western and New York, 16. @ 12.; Cut hay as to quality 15. @ 17.50 Rye straw 20 @ 21, Wheat straw, 11. @ 13. Oat straw 11.

EGGS.—Pennsylvania 13½; western 18 @ 18 ½.

BUTTER.—Pennsylvania creamery prints 28 @ 30 Western extra 17.

LIVE POULTRY.—Fowls, 13, mixed lots 13½ @ 14, roosters old 6 @ 7.

Intelligent SOLICITORS WANTED for the

ALL KIND OF JOB PRINTING

ON SHORT NOTICE

AT THIS OFFICE.

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE
Real Estate!

The undersigned administratrix of the estate of D. W. Walter, late of Catawissa township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased, will expose to public sale, on the premises,

Thursday, June 11th 1885,

at 10 o'clock, a. m., the following described valuable property, to-wit: The

HOUSE AND LOT

situate on Mill street in the town of Catawissa, county and State aforesaid, formerly occupied by said decedent; bounded on the east by lands of H. J. Reeder, on the west by lands of T. E. Harder, on the north by lands of H. J. Reeder and on the south by said Mill street. The house is a two-story frame building in good repair, with all necessary outbuildings. The lot is of good size, containing fruit trees and a good well of water.

Terms made known on day of sale by

MATILDA WALTER,
Admrx.

W. H. Rhawn, Atty,
Catawissa, May 19, 1885—3-18.

ADMINISTRATRIX' NOTICE.

ESTATE OF FREDERICK H. KAMBECK, DECEASED.

Letters of administration in the estate of Frederick H. Kambeck, late of Jackson township, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned Administratrix. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned Administratrix without delay.

CATHERINE KAMBECK,
Administratrix,
Apr 24 6w Derr's P. O.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JAMES BARTON, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of James Barton, late of the town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned Administrators. All persons having claims against the estate of the deceased are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrators without delay.

ELI BARTON, Bloomsburg,
JOHN G. QUICK, Rupert, } Administrators.
may 1-6w

TEA AND COFFEE

A handsome VASE LAMP given with a $5 order for Tea and Coffee. An iron Stone CHAMBER SET, 10 pieces, or a TEA SET, 44 pieces, or a handsome BRONZE HANGING LAMP given with a $10 order. A CHAMBER SET of 10 pieces, with blue, maroon or pink band or an IRON STONE CHINA TEA SET of 56 pieces, or a GLASS SET of 50 pieces given with a $12 order. HANDSOME PREMIUMS, consisting of Decorated China Ware in Tea Sets, also Dinner and Tea Sets completed, and Chamber Sets, etc., etc., given with orders for $18, $20, $25, $28 and $50. Send for circular, which will give you full particulars. GRAND UNION TEA COMPANY, 33 South Main St., Wilkes Barre, Pa. headquarters 80 Front street, New York City.

may 15-1y CLUB ORDERS

ANNUAL REPORT,
OF
CONYNGHAM TOWNSHIP AND CENTRALIA BOROUGH POOR DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR ENDING SECOND

Monday, April 13th, 1885.

Annual meeting of Auditors of Conyngham township and Centralia Borough on Tuesday, April 28, 1885, for the purpose of auditing the accounts of the Poor district of said township and borough for the year ending April 13th 1885.

Auditors present on the part of Centralia Borough James Barrett, R. J. Curran and Geo. W. Davis, on the part of the township of Conyngham Andrew Kane, Michael Monaghan and James O'Brien. On motion James Barrett was elected president and Jno. P. Hannon, Secretary of the Board. On motion the pay of directors was fixed at the rate of 3 and 25-100 dollars per day.

David Walsh in account with the above district for the year ending April 14, 1884.

DR.

To balance per auditor's settlement	61 50

CR.

By reduction made in valuation of D. F. Curry by com's. $200 @ 6 mills	1 20
By balance credited on order No. 10 dated April 29, 1885 in favor of David Walsh	60 30
	$61 50

C. G. Murphy Treasurer and Collector in account with Conyngham township and Centralia Borough Poor District, Special tax for the year ending April 13, 1885.

DR.

To amt. of duplicate, borough	157 05
" " " township	2476 39
	$2633 44

CR.

By amount of borough exonerations	80
" " " error	06
" " " twp. exonerations	1 33
" " " bor. returns to com's	96
" " " twp. returns to "	98 63
" com. on $2531.04 @ 5 per cent	126 58
" " " 2405.04 @ 2 per cent	48 10
" Proth's, receipts as follows viz:	
Sept. 13, 1884, $18 0.60	
Nov. 11, " 75.23	
Dec. 8, " 86.73	
March 23, 1885, check to the Danville asylum 500.00	
	$2461.96 $2738 44
Amt. overpaid by treasurer	105 00
By 2 per cent on $105 com	2 10
Balance due C. G. Murphy	$107 10
This amt. is settled by a certificate given this 28th day of April 1885	107 20

C. G. Murphy collector and treasurer in account with Conyngham township and Centralia borough poor district, poor tax for the year ending April 13, 1885.

DR.

To amt. of borough duplicate	785 25
" " " twp.	4952 79
" rec'd. from Co. Com. unseated land	466 39
	$6204 43

CR.

By amt. of exonerations for bor	4 60
" " " twp	2 45
" returned to Com's. bor	4 80
" " " twp	197 15
" com. on $5529.04 @ 5 per cent	276 47
" " 5719.54 @ 2 per cent	114 38
	$599 45
	$5604 98

By orders redeemed as follows, viz:

No 25	Oct. 27, '77, Michael Sullivan	49 65
"	111 Jan. 6 '82, Adam Waldner 383.75 x 78.75 lat	472 48
"	54 Dec. 1, '83, L. A. Riley & Co. p. h. ac	126 84
"	55 " " " C. G. Murphy p. h. ac	55 19
"	57 " " " Sam'l. Keller, salary	109 00
"	58 Jan 5, 84 Sam'l. Reinhold mending shoes	18 68
"	61 Feb. 2, '84, L. A. Riley & Co. coal ac	54 02
"	65 " 2, '84, Henry Beaver blacksm'th	9 84
"	69 " 2, '84, Jno. P. Hannon, costs of Bradley	7 50
"	73 Mch. 25, '84, Dan'l. Curry, horse hire	36 75
"	75 Mch. 25, '84, Henry Moser O. D. R.	45 00
"	76 " " " Wm. Herbert O. D. R.	10 00
"	77 Mch. 25, '84, C. G. Murphy O. D. R	268 04
"	78 " " " p. h. mdse	190 77
"	79 " " " R. M. Lashell prof. ser.	10 00
"	80 " " " Geo. W. Davis mdse	21 78
"	81 " " " Burke Brothers, undertaking	43 00
"	82 Mch. 25, '84 L. A. Riley & Co. O D R	115 00
"	83 " " " p. h. mdse	18 25
"	88 Apr. 5, " J. M. Gwinner, salary as M. D	50 00
"	90 Apr. 18, 84, David Walsh services as director	207 50
"	91 Apr. 18, '84, John Monroe services as director	127 50
"	92

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

Correct Railroad Time Table.

FRIDAY, MAY 29, 1885.

Trains on the Philadelphia & R. R. leave Rupert as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
6:36 a. m.	11:49 a. m.
3:42 p. m.	6:15 p. m.

—o—

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7:05 a. m.	9:28 a. m.
2:10 p. m.	11:58 a. m.
6:36 p. m.	4:40 p. m.

The 9.30 a. m. train connects at Northumberland with the 9:35 train on Pennsylvania road, reaching Philadelphia at 3:15 p. m.

The 11:52 train connects with Philadelphia and Reading road at Rupert reaching Philadelphia at 6:00 p. m.

The 11:52 train connects with Pennsylvania road at Northumberland at 1:30, reaching Philadelphia at 6.05 p. m.

The 4:36 p. m. train connects with Pennsylvania road at Northumberland at 8:05 p. m., and reaches Philadelphia at 4:25 a. m.

—o—

Trains on the N. & W. B. Railway pass Bloom Ferry as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
10.52 a. m.	12:08 p. m.
6.57 p. m.	4:15 p. m.

Public Sales.

M. P. Lutz assignee of C. B. Brockway will sell real estate at the court house on Saturday, June 20th. See advertisement in another column.

The administrators of James Barton, deceased, will sell personal property on the farm of decedent in Montour township on Friday, May 29th, at one o'clock p. m.

The executors of John Kelchner, dec'd, will sell real estate in Centre township on Saturday, June 13th, at 10 a. m. Also real estate in Scott township at 2 p. m. of same day. See advertisement.

The administrators of T. J. Hutchison, deceased, will sell personal property on the premises in Fishingcreek township on Friday, May 29th at one o'clock p. m.

The administratix of D. W. Walter, deceased, will sell real estate in Catawissa township on Thursday, June 11th at 10 o'clock a. m. See advertisement.

Personal.

E. V. Hartman is taking a fish in Sugarloaf township this week.

Geo. E. Elwell spent a few days in Benton and vicinity this week.

Mr. William Neal and a party of ladies are at William Cole's, in Sugarloaf, fishing for trout.

John B. Shultz of Rohrsburg, James M. Shultz of Central and John S. Kline of Benton gave us a pleasant call on Wednesday.

Bishop Rulison spent a few hours at the Episcopal Rectory on Tuesday, on his way from Williamsport to Carbondale.

Mr. Daniel Fornwald, of Unityville, an old subscriber of the COLUMBIAN, spent last week with his son Henry and family in this town. Mr. Fornwald is somewhat advanced in years, but he is well preserved in mind and body.

WANTED.—A regular correspondent from Berwick and the village of Benton.

Matthias Kreamer, of Rohrsburg is building a large bank barn.

The debt of Williamsport on the 1st of January was $726,200.

New brown stone steps have been placed in front of the Lutheran church.

Unusually large trout are being caught up the creek this season.

Peter Jones is building a handsome verandah and otherwise improving the residence of Caleb Barton on Main street.

Lewis' Pure White Lead and Campbell & Thayer's Pure Linseed Oil for sale by H. S. Reay of Rupert, Pa. may 8 4t

The N. & W. B. Railway Company has declared a dividend of 2 per cent., payable on or before June 1st.

E. D. Rohrbach returned to Bloomsburg on Friday last after an absence of about six months.

C. C. Trench has one of the handsomest residences in Lightstreet. Everything about the premises is kept in first class order.

Rohr McHenry has stacked in his lumber yard at Benton over 1,000,000 feet of pine lumber.

W. H. Snyder has purchased the property of F. S. Kinports, corner of Catharine and Fourth streets.

The *Ashland Advocate* issued a double sheet last week, to accommodate its advertisers.

Mrs. Girton serves excellent ice cream every evening in the parlor of their restaurant.

FOR SALE.—A jump seat buggy and spring wagon in good condition—cheap. Apply to SAMUEL KNORR, Bloomsburg.

The farmers are using salt as a fertilizer. Car loads of it have been sent to this county. It costs between seven and eight dollars a ton.

Gentlemen's Fashionable Clothing cut on Anatomical Principles in the Merchant Tailoring Department of David Lowenberg.

W. H. Gilmore's four-in-hand, consisting of a team of blacks and another of dark iron grays, make a handsome turnout, and "Gilly" is justly proud of them.

J. E. Eichholtz, editor of the *Northumberland County Democrat* was appointed postmaster at Sunbury in place of Jacob Rohrbock, whose commission expired.

J. B. Ammerman, the Forks postmaster and merchant, has his spring goods, and is ready to supply his customers with almost any of the necessaries of life.

A large number of new names have been added to our list this week. At the present rate we shall soon reach eighteen hundred subscribers.

Some of the Benton fisherman have taken a few fine trout this season just below Chapin's mill dam. The fish are not very numerous there however.

Benjamin Barndt, one of Catawissa's best citizens was in town on Tuesday. He seldom gets to the county seat, except on pressing business.

I. K. Dildine and wife of Wellversville, were in town on Monday. Mrs. Dildine says her daughter, Mrs. F. P. Vanderslice, has written them that they arrived safely at their new home in Ford county, Kansas.

The old fence in front of Rosemont Cemetery at head of Center street has been torn away and a new one built on a new site, considerably enlarging the Cemetery. The road leading to the Cemetery has also been repaired making a more convenient drive than heretofore.

Charles Coleman has rented the Mountain hotel, one mile above the old Hess stand, near the head waters of Big Fishingcreek, and is prepared to accommodate travellers and fishermen, and boarders on reasonable terms. His address is Central, Columbia county, Pa. May 22-4w

The Ashland papers speak of the many new houses that are in course of erection in that place.

Everybody knows that Lowenberg's is the Leading House for Clothing, for men, boys, youths and children.

All the water was drawn from the reservoir on Wednesday and Thursday in order to give it a thorough cleaning, before the warm season comes.

Press Brown has purchased a new wagon of M. C. Sloan & Bro. For fine and substantial work, Sloan's carriages take the lead.

If "Topsy," our correspondent of Hetlerville will give us his name, and send in his letters on Tuesday we shall be glad to hear from him.

J. A. Hess who recently purchased the shoe store of W. J. Kendig keeps a fine assortment of boots and shoes. Ladies and gentlemen in need of his line of goods should call and examine his complete stock.

The COLUMBIAN has never added so many new names to its list in the same time as during the past two months, and the expressions of kindly feeling and confidence that come to it from many sources are highly flattering and very encouraging.

Our new Spring Styles are in and prices lower than ever. No attractive style, but we credit it. No desirable novelty, but we have it, in fact for anything in the Clothing line. We are emphatically headquarter's, at D. Lowenberg's, the Popular Merchant Tailor of Bloomsburg

Ent Post G. A. R. attended the Lutheran church on Sunday morning in a body and listened to a fine sermon delivered by Rev. F. P. Manhart. The sermon was directed more especially to the members of the G. A. R, but enjoyed by all. All the seating capacity of the church was occupied.

John Zaner of Forks is afflicted with cataract of the left eye, and has about lost the sight of that eye. This is quite a loss to Mr. Zaner, especially at this time when the seasons demand his closest attention to his two large farms. We hope when the proper time comes a successful operation may be performed on his eye and his sight again restored.

Rev. S. Heininger, of Cleveland, Ohio, corresponding secretary of the Missionary Society of the Evangelical Association, will preach an English sermon and deliver a German exhortation, in the Evangelical Church on next Sunday, May 31st, at 3 o'clock p. m. All are cordially invited.

The subject of Dr. J. H. Vincent's lecture to be delivered in Association Hall, Berwick, Pa., Saturday evening, June 6th, will be "Among the Heights," a story of travel and biographical study, and not "That Boy's Sister," as first announced. Reserved seats 50c, general admission 35c.

It is truly amusing to read in some of the county papers, letters from correspondents from obscure hamlets, in which the writers announce that this or that paper has the largest circulation in the county. Of course such talk is all nonsense, for these writers know as little about the circulation of the several papers as they do of the Hindoos.

A company has been organized for the manufacture of the Conner school desk, to be called the School Furnishing Co. of Bloomsburg. $25,000 is the capital stock which was all taken within two days. Application for charter will be made soon. Buildings will be erected and arrangements made for the manufacture of them in this place, at an early date.

Mr. Clint. Lewis, son-in-law of Hon. Iram Derr, of Jackson township who had a saw mill located on one of Mr. Derr's timber tract met with a heavy loss by fire Friday of last week. They were burning saw dust near the mill and it is thought sparks were carried. About one hundred thousand feet of white pine lumber was destroyed together with the saw mill. It was a very unfortunate occurrence for Mr. Lewis.

NEW POSTAGE RATES.—The Postmaster General has issued a circular order to postmasters explanatory of the change made by Congress, at the last session, in the rate of postage. The postmasters are informed that on and after July 1, the rates on all domestic first-class matter including drop letters at letter-carrier offices will be two cents an ounce or fraction thereof, instead of two cents per half ounce. This charge will apply to all mail addressed to Canada, but not to other foreign mails. To provide for wants that may arise from the change in rate on second class matter or newspapers mailed by publishers from two cents to one cent per pound, the Department has decided to issue a newspaper and periodical stamp of the denomination of one cent, the design and color of which will be the same as those of the present series. They will be ready for issue on June 1st.

The Susquehanna Synod of the Ev. Luth. Church will meet in Bloomsburg, on June 10th. On June 9th, the Womans' Missionary Convention of the same body will meet here. If is expected that there will be about forty ministers, thirty laymen and 50 ladies in attendance. The sessions of the Woman's Convention will cover Tuesday and Wednesday. The sessions of the synod will continue from Wednesday evening to Monday. During the evening sessions there will be addresses and sermons.

Among former pastors of the Lutheran church here, Rev. Sharrets, Alleman and Dr. Dimm are expected. Prof. Richard of York, and Rev. A. Clutz of Baltimore will represent the Church Extension and Home Mission Boards. Prof. J. B. Focht will represent Pennsylvania College. All of the sessions will be open, and the public are invited to attend.

The Synod skirts along both branches of the river from Selinsgrove to Mifflinville and Jersey Shore. It numbers about 8000 communicants.

Physiology and Hygeine.

What an able scientist says:

LEWISBURG, May 18th, 1885.

MR. CHAS. W. SCOTT, Gen'l Agent.
Williamsport, Pa.

Dear Sir:—I have examined, with considerable care, both the "Human Body and Its Health" and "Primer of Physiology and Hygiene," by Dr. William Thayer Smith, of Dartmouth College, and I take pleasure in saying that they are, in my judgment, the best books on Physiology and Hygiene now offered for our American Public Schools. I think all the statements concerning narcotics and stimulants are entirely correct, according to the views of the Science of the day. In my mind these books will do much good in our schools. Respectfully,

GEO. G. GROFF, M. D.,
Professor of Physiology and Natural History, Lewisburg University.

What Superintendent Grimes says:

I have carefully examined, "The Human Body and its Health," by William Thayer Smith, M. D., and am very much pleased with it. It supplies a long felt want in our public schools. J. S. GRIMES,
County Superintendent.

Fishingcreek Sunday School, as an auxiliary to the Columbia County Association met at the call of the vice president, E. M. Laubach at Zion Church, May 23d, 1885.

PROGRAMME.

1st.—Devotional exercises and singing by the choir after which Rev. Houtz read the 84th Psalm and invoked the blessings of Divine Providence on all our deliberations.

2nd.—It was then moved and seconded that E. M. Laubach be elected permanent president. Eli Robbins secretary and Amos Hartman treasurer, and so carried.

3rd. It was then moved and seconded that E. M. Laubach, Eli Robbins and Amos Hartman be appointed executive committe to stand until our next meeting to be held at Asbury M. E. church, time to be fixed by the committee some time next fall.

4th.—What good are Sunday Schools and why do we need them?

5th.—Report of committee and installation of permanent officers.

7th.—How can we get every child in the district into the Sunday school?

7th.—How can we retain the older scholars?

8th.—What obligations have christians and parents to attend and support the Sunday school?

9th.—How can we keep our Sunday school open all winter?

10th.—The future of the nation rests upon the Sunday school.

11th.—Are any more schools needed in the district or is any school in want of help?

12th.—Appointment of standing committees and miscellaneous business.

Fishingcreek, May 25th, 1885.

ELI ROBBINS,
Secretary.

Worthington—Reifsnyder.

Miss Mary S. Reifsnyder, daughter of Mrs. Dr. I. W. Willits, was married to Mr. George J. Worthington, of Roanoke, Va., in St. Paul's Episcopal church, on Tuesday morning last. The ceremony was performed by the rector in the presence of a large number of invited guests. At the appointed hour, the bride leaning upon the arm of her father entered the church and preceded by the ushers, advanced to the chapel, while the groom with best man, Mr. Demarest of Roanoke, entered the church by the vestry door and met the bridal party at the foot of the church. After the ceremony the procession receded in reverse order. A pleasant reception was held at the brides home after which the happy pair took a train for Philadelphia. The bridal tour is to include a trip up the Hudson to Albany, thence to New York, Baltimore, Washington and Old Point Comfort.

The display of presents was large and exceedingly handsome. May they live long and be happy.

Thirty-two Years.

JUDGE ORVIS FINDS A LONG LOST BROTHER—STRANGE STORY.

The Bellefonte *News* says that a decidedly interesting and romantic event is just developing in the history of Judge John H. Orvis, a brother of the late E. E. Orvis formerly of this county. Thirty-two years ago, while he was living in Lock Haven, a young brother went away from home. The name of this brother was Jesse Kilburn Orvis. When last heard from Jesse was on a steamboat sailing down the Mississippi. The boat was blown up and it was supposed that Jesse was one of the victims of the explosion. Through all these years the judge has considered his brother dead.

Recently, however, the judge received a letter from Nebraska informing him that his long lost brother is still alive and is quite a prosperous citizen of that state. He has filled various local offices and also positions under the United States government. He has led an eventful life. The judge has written to him and there will be very many interesting and exciting incidents in the lives of each to be told which will render their correspondence pleasant and entertaining and will soon bring about a meeting after so many years of separation.

Mountain Grove Camp Meeting.

The fourteenth annual camp-meeting of the Mountain Grove Camp-meeting Association will be held at Mountain Grove, Luzerne county, Penna., commencing Wednesday, August 5th, and closing Thursday, August 13, 1885, and will be in charge of Rev. M. L. Smyser, Presiding Elder of the Danville District.

The Association aims to make the expenses of its patrons as low as possible. The following schedule of rates has been fixed, viz: For rent of Tent on the Circle, $7.00, on the Avenues, $6.00. For boarding per term, $6.50; per day, $1.00; per meal, 50 cents. Children under twelve years, half price. Lodgings in good apartments and on single cots for the term, $2.50; for a single night 50 cents. Lodgers to insure comfort should bring a heavy shawl or blanket with them. Boarding commences with dinner, Wednesday, August 5th, ending with breakfast, Thursday, August 13th.

In order to prevent the desecration of the Lord's day and to preserve its sanctity, the gates of the ground will be closed on Saturday night at 12 o'clock as usual and remain closed during the Sabbath. At all other times during the meeting the gates will be open and admission free.

The best possible arrangements will be made to furnish accommodations on the grounds to those who desire to spend the Sabbath in this consecrated Grove. All persons desiring such accommodations, should make early application to the Secretary of the Association, Cyrus Straw, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne Co., Pa.

The Sunbury, Hazleton & Wilkes-Barre, Lehigh Valley, Northern Central, and the Philadelphia & Erie railroads will carry passengers to and from the meeting at excursion rates, and will transport camp equipage and baggage free. The Philadelphia & Reading railroad will also sell excursion tickets on its Catawissa Branch from Ringtown to Williamsport and intermediate points, and pass camp equipage free to Catawissa. Special trains will be run and a time table sent every tent holder and minister in the District—and others on application previous to meeting. Mark baggage distinctly with name, number of tent and place of destination, via. S. H. & W. B. R. R.

For all other railroad information apply to Wilson M. Gearhart, Danville, Pa.

Applications for tents should be made in writing as early as possible, to Z. T. Fowler, Willow Springs, Columbia Co., Pa., distinctly stating how many tents are desired, and on which floor. Assignments of tents will be made in the order of the applications received, and while every possible effort will be made to grant choice of location, no pledge to that effect can be given.

All applications for tents, to secure recognition must be accompanied by the payment of 1 dollar which will be forfeited upon surrender, and all persons to whom tents have been assigned will be held responsible for the full amount of tent rent unless surrendered, by notice to Z. T. Fowler at least twenty days before the annual meeting.

Resolutions.

WHEREAS, The Legislature of Pennsylvania passed a bill, known as the "Soldiers and Sailors indigent burial bill," at the request of the people of the State, which bill the Governor had the audacity to veto, and

WHEREAS. The Legislature had the patriotism to pass said bill over the veto of the Governor by an almost unanimous vote, therefore be it,

Resolved, That we the members of the Gen. Est Post No. 250 G. A. R. join in our disapproval of the narrow-minded and unpatriotic action of the Governor and those members of the Legislature who sustained the veto, and furthermore be it

Resolved, That we heartily congratulate Conrad Thos. J. Stewart our assistant Adjutant General, and all the members of the Legislature who had the manliness to pass the bill over the veto, as under this law the old patriots who endured the hardships of the field and prison pen, for the salvation of their country, can look forward, (Though poor and forsaken by some) to the close of life with the assurance that they will receive a soldiers instead of a paupers funeral.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be furnished to the Columbia county papers, and one copy sent to the Grand Army Scout and Soldiers Mail.

J. C. SYLVIS,)
L. D. KASE, } Com.
U. H. EST.)

Bloomsburg, May 22nd, 1885.

Montana

Mr. Al. Hoffman of town, accompanied by Mr. Aaron Jones of Centralia, started for Coalport, Clearfield county, on Monday morning. They intend working in the bituminous coal at that place.

Another man happy—this time it is W. J. George, made so by the appearance of a wee stranger in his family. It is a boy, and will remain under his care for at least twenty-one years.

Some of our citizens are violating the laws in regard to fishing with a net. Were those who are fishing thus to be prosecuted they would pay dear for their sport and fish. Come boys, don't go it on the principle, "Whole hog or none." but take it a little moderately.

A quiet wedding has taken place within the past week. Mr. Jacob Winters and Miss Mary Stetzler being the contracting parties. The ceremony was performed by Rev. B. F. Goodman. Now, boys, for a serenade—"The more the merrier."

Mr. Charles Maze has erected a neat porch in the front of his house. Keep the ball of improvement on the move.

Misses Nervie Kline and Gussie Brass, of Roaringcreek, circled among friends at Montana on Sunday.

Programme for Memorial Day.

Members of Ent Post, 250, G. A. R. will assemble at their hall, where those furnishing transportation are requested to meet them at 7 o'clock, a. m.

The Post, accompanied by the Bloomsburg Drum Corps, will go to Orangeville, form in line there at 9 o'clock and march to the graveyard where appropriate ceremonies will be conducted and the soldiers' grave decorated.

From Orangeville return to Light Street where the line will form at 11 o'clock, and after decorating there a lunch will be served, after which they will return to the hall at 1 p. m.

Details will be made to go to different burying grounds in the vicinity in the morning to appropriately decorate the graves of deceased soldiers.

At 2:30 p. m. all organizations, schools and citizens taking part will report to the Marshal on Market Square, where the line will form and proceed up Main street to the Normal School; after countermarching, the Callicpian and Philologian societies will join the line, proceeding down Main street to Centre, up Centre to the Cemetery, where 56 graves of our deceased comrades will be decorated in an appropriate manner. After these ceremonies an address suitable to the occasion will be delivered by Agib Ricketts,, Esq, of Wilkesbarre.

The Bloomsburg Cornet Band and the Gilmore Band will furnish music.

After the addresses the line will again form and proceed to Market Square and be dismissed.

☞Flowers sent to the hall in the forenoon will be thankfully received.

All business men are cordially invited to close their places of business between the hours of 2 and 5 p. m. C. P. SLOAN,
Chief Marshal.

EXERCISES AT NORMAL HALL.

Appropriate exercises will be held at Normal Hall on Saturday evening, May 30th at eight o'clock, in honor of Memorial day. The following programme has been prepared:

Double Quartette, Misses Miller, J. Ramege, F. Musselman, and V. McCulloch, Messrs L. P. Bilrby, W. L. Dimmn, D. H. Kratz, N. S. Nissley, "Let the Hills and Vales Resound;" Address, Prof. Waller; Essay, What is Life, Miss F. Musselman; Recitation, The Decoration, Miss A. Daniels; Double Quartette, Decoration Day, Same as other; Oration, Why we Decorate, G. M. Wilner; Essay, The sacrifices and the Honors of our Departed Heroes, Miss R. Cohen; Recitation, The American Flag, Miss K. Samuel; Music, My Country Tis of Thee; Oration, What our Attitude should be toward the Soldiers, J. K. Rearich.

Catawissa.

The water works are about completed and water will be let into the reservoir.

The Committee on preparations for Decoration Day are doing their best to make the day one which will be remembered by many as one which do honor to the patriotic dead, but we ought to have addresses by some who have passed through the dangers and scenes of the war and not young orators who neither know or have experienced the dangers. In a few words, more patriotism and less show.

There was a person had his foot seriously injured on the railroad the past week.

There are quite a number of buildings being erected in this place this summer and yet there seems to be a scarcity of houses.

The skating rink is now being used by the band to give entertainments, for the purpose of raising funds to better equip their men with instruments and other paraphernalia.

We notice the last week that the supervisor is cleaning away rubbish that has been hauled at the corners and alleys by different parties during the spring and last winter. That is all right for sanitary purposes, but would it not be more economical to not permit persons to throw all manner of trash in the alleys and then levy taxes to haul it away.

Mr. Geo. Reifsnyder is putting in a bay window and otherwise improving his residence. C. F. Harder's men are doing the work.

The Luther Union had its usual entertainment a week earlier owing to the fact that the mininister, Rev. J. H. Neiman, will be in attendance at conference at Allentown next week. The exercises were interesting and profitable.

A wedding ceremony is to be performed in St. Matthews' Ev. Luth. church on next Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, Mr. George Martin and a young lady from Bloomsburg are to be the fortunate ones.

The freight on the Phila. and Reading R. R. is very heavy at present, the train hands having to work day and night to get it over the road.

Mr. P. H. Shuman is building a house for himself in the part called Shumantown. This looks as if he had intended to make Catawissa his home.

We notice that many people are fixing up the graves of their friends, so that they may present a good appearance on Decoration Day. We hope that all, who have friends or relatives resting in our cemeteries may do so, from love to the departed ones. Let all see that it is done before long.

We have a new writing teacher in our midst who claims to make good penmen with a course of twelve lessons. That is more than I think could be done with me, but then I am considered slow. But the gentleman is a scholar and does good work.

Buckhorn.

The corn is up, but the crows are down.

Mr. Frank Dent and wife of Danville, spent Saturday and Sunday at Theodore Dents.

Mr. George Winner, who has been sick for sometime is no better.

Millard Musgrave and family of Mt. Pleasant, were the guests of E. J. Ohl the 24th inst.

Mr. Job Costlet, formerly of this place, but for the past few years has been residing near Danville, spent Saturday and Sunday with Weldie and Theodore Dent.

Two more of the Light Street boys, viz: Wesly Sitler and William Creveling are after our Buckhorn girls. Why is it that the Light Street boys take such a notion of the girls in this vicinity.

Miss Hannah Pooley of Millersville, Pa., is visiting friends at this place.

Percival Foulk has lost about forty dollars worth of hogs within the past few weeks, and the present indications are, will loose all he has. His hogs are dying with a disease almost like the cholera.

Ross Kester and Warren Masteller of Madison, were at Hervy Masteller's Sunday.

Miss Jennie House of Bloomsburg is whiling away a few weeks with friends at this place.

Mr. George Stinemiller and wife of Ridgeville, and Mr. Bogart and Miss Hartman of Washingtonville, were at A. B. Hartman's, Sunday.

Mr. Austin Ohl and Miss Mariah Zeisloft drove to Pottsville, Saturday, to spend the following day with Mr. and Mrs. Robbins.

Miss Georgie Pursel of Bloomsburg is spending a few days at her grandfather's, I. G. Pursel.

Roadworking began to-day, (Tuesday.)

The farmer's wives are sighing, because their chickens are dying. Gaps.

Mr. Henry Mapstone and family of Danville, spent the Sabbath at Samuel Ohl's.

Miss Sadie Moore expects to give music lessons at Catawissa and Mainville, during the summer seasons.

Saturday 23, Mr. George Hartman of Sunbury embarked on that ship which so many young men are won't to take pssage and set sail for Buckhorn,—courtship.

FAIRY.

UP THE CREEK.

ORANGEVILLE.

A representative of the COLUMBIAN started up the creek on Monday morning, on business mingled with pleasure. No stop was made until Orangeville was reached, and here we found that the existence of several cases of diphtheria still cast a gloom upon the village. Only a few days ago a son of Miles Williams fell a victim to the dread disease. He was a young man of about 19 years of age.

During our brief stay at Orangeville, we met H. B. Low who is extensively engaged in the lumber business. Mr. Low's wife and children are sojourning for the present with her parents at Stillwater, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. McHenry. Mrs. Low, we are sorry to learn, is suffering from an attack of rheumatism.

A call at the store of A. M. DeWitt found that gentleman busily engaged. He keeps a full line of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, &c., probably the largest assortment in Orangeville, and is doing an excellent trade.

G. P. Stiner has not been in business for himself a great while, but he has had long experience in trade, and knows how to buy goods to suit his customers, both as to price and quality. He has a general stock of merchandise, and is doing his full share of the business.

Whilst driving through Orangeville we heard a familiar sound, and on investigation found it to be the bell of our townsman J. S. Phillips, who was going the rounds with his bread wagon. Phillips makes good bread, and it is said that his sales in Orangeville and intermediate points are very large. He deserves the success he is meeting with.

But our time at Orangeville was limited and we were obliged to press on to meet an engagement at

STILLWATER.

Here we were hospitably entertained at the residence of C. B. McHenry, one of the staunchest democrats and most reliable citizens of Columbia county. It was our privilege to ride through the west end of Fishingcreek township with Mr. McHenry, and through his influence a large number of new subscribers was added to our list, all square and substantial men. It is most encouraging and flattering to know that wherever we go, the COLUMBIAN appears to have the confidence of the people. It is a recognized fact that this paper has always been consistent in its course, has always stood by the nominees when fairly nominated, and has never ground its personal axes in public. Hence it is not difficult to secure the support of all leading democrats.

In passing through Stillwater we observed the planing mill of T. H. Edgar hard at work. Numerous hands are employed, and all kinds of work that can be got out in such an establishment, are turned out here in the best of style. Mr. Edgar occupies a handsome residence near his mill, and personally superintends all work, which insures satisfaction to purchaesrs. His establishment is one of the leading industries of this section.

The Stillwater merchants, J. F. McHenry and Moses McHenry, have their spring and summer goods on hand, and are busily engaged in dealing them out to their numerous customers.

The new temperance house of Frank Wolf is doing a good trade, and all his patrons speak highly of the manner in which they are entertained.

BENTON.

After a hard day's drive up hill and down dale we reached the hamlet of Benton and put up at the hostelry of Hiram Hess. No words of commendation are necessary to extol the excellence of this house. Everybody who has stopped here knows the quality of the provender furnished and the scrupulous cleanliness of the house under the supervision of the hostess, Mrs. Hess. Fishermen on their way to the headwaters of Fishingcreek make it a point to reach here at meal time.

A NEW HOTEL.

Benton is growing. This morning after breakfast as I walked out, I observed a large structure in process of erection. On inquiry I found that it is a new hotel which Dr. T. C. McHenry and Boyd McHenry are putting up. It is a frame building three stories high, 42 by 80 feet, and is intended when completed, for summer boarders and transient custom. Ira McHenry is the boss carpenter. No doubt it will be well patronized, as it will be under good management, and a strong effort will be made to secure city boarders for the summer months. Dr. T. C. McHenry is one of Benton's most enterprising citizens. It was only recently that he erected a three-story building on the main street, where he is engaged in the drug business with his brother, Dr. M. McHenry, who for some time was a resident of Bloomsburg. They also keep a stock of hardware.

J. J. McHenry is still at his old stand, and continues to enjoy a large patronage. He is too well known to need any special mention.

Rohr McHenry is another of the leading merchants here, and keeps fully up to the times.

W. M. Appleman has taken his brother in partnership with him, and they are doing business under the firm name of William Appleman & Bro. They occupy a large and commodious building, where they sell wagons and agricultural implements. They are fair and honorable young men, and are doing a good business.

Boyd McHenry is another of the enterprising men of this town. He has a blacksmith shop, and keeps for sale farm wagons, buggies and spring wagons. He also keeps a livery stable, where excellent rigs may be obtained.

In passing the shop of J. A. Chapin we noticed a large assortment of harness of all kinds, single and double, light and heavy, team and carriage, and all made up in the best of style. Chapins' is the place to buy anything in his line.

At the upper end of town A. & H. McHenry conduct a general merchandise business, and judging from their large and well selected stock, they must be doing their full share of the trade.

Lemuel Drake is keeping a good hotel here. He understands the business, sets a good table, and treats all his guests in a first class manner.

The Chapin Mill, under the management of William Patterson, is running on full time, and turning out most excellent flour. Mr. Patterson is not only a good miller, but a genial gentleman whom it is always a pleasure to meet.

NOTES BY THE WAY,

The roads are in fine condition except in shaded places at the foot of cuts, where there is still some mud.

Wal Hess has the finest farm buildings anywhere along the line.

E. J. Albertson the Benton stage driver, lost a valuable horse last Saturday night.

The farmers have nearly all got their corn planted, and at present are working in their gardens.

John Cadman's farm above Orangeville is in fine shape and looks well. He is in position now to enjoy life.

Deeds Recorded.

William Condit and wife, to Charles C. Wells, Benton.

H. A. Swerpenhiser, treasurer to W. J. Buckalew, Benton.

Eli Jones administrator to I. E. Patterson, Benton.

I. E. Patterson and wife to M. C. Vance, Benton.

M. C. Vance and wife to Martha A. Patterson, Benton.

W. J. Buckalew to Martha A. Patterson, Benton.

C. B. Brockway and wife to Michael Eagan, Conyngham.

Peter Whitenight to Clark M. Smith, Mt. Pleasant.

Lydia R. Essick to J. A. Essick, Madison.

Joseph Rauch administrator to A. J. Clark, Montour.

Jane Johnson et. al. to Jacob E. Wintersteen, Madison.

Lewis Thomas to Hannah M. Thomas, Montour.

Edward Ivey, administrator et. al. to Daniel Bryfogle, Hemlock.

Daniel Bryfogle and wife to Edward W. Ivey, Hemlock.

Samuel Fry to Daniel Fry, Montour.

Wilson Yeager, executors to Daniel Knorr, Locust.

Daniel Knorr and wife to Nathan Knorr, Locust.

Catharine Allen et. al. to William Johnson, Madison.

Stephen Pohe, executor, et. al. to John E. Shuman, Centre.

John Megargell and wife to Alice A. Laubach, et. al. Orange.

John R. Musgrave to Sarah M. Laubach, Mt. Pleasant.

John Mourey, sheriff to Peter A. Evans, Montour.

Pemberton Eves to Michael Sitler, Orange.

Jane Reichart, et. al. to Michael Sitler, Orange.

George C. Hirleman and wife to Philip Hirleman, Jackson.

W. H. Snyder and wife to Rebecca McHenry, Orange.

Wm. P. Leidy and wife to Delila Whitenight, Hemlock.

Rosemont Cemetery Co. to Hubbard B. Niles, Bloomsburg.

Simon Vought, executor to Samuel D. Loreman, Franklin.

C. M. Bittenbender and wife to D. A. Creasy, Main.

Jos. R. Evans and wife et. al. to Peter A. Evans, Hemlock.

Henry Dornlman and wife to William Schurtz, Beaver.

A. Z. Schock, executor et. al. to Clark Roat, Hemlock.

William Kearchner and wife to John Fox Pine.

A. P. Heller, trustee et. al. to Thomas Watts, Pine.

Elisha Hagenbuch and wife to William Thomas, Mt. Pleasant.

John G. Shellenburger and wife to Jacob Shultz, Scott.

The Locust Mt. Coal & Iron Co. to Catharine Collyer, Conyngham.

Franklin L. Shuman and wife to Clark F. Harder, Catawissa.

J. P. Tustin and wife to the First E. B. C. of Bloomsburg, Bloomsburg.

Lloyd A. Wintersteen administrator to Emanuel Mouser, Main.

Philip S. Graham and wife to Isaac White, Scott.

John W. Hoffman sheriff to J. F. Pfahler, Roaringcreek.

J. F. Pfahler to Isaiah Houck, et. al. Roaringcreek.

John F. Pfahler to Isaiah Houch, et. al. Roaringcreek.

C. R. Woodin and wife to Francis Evans, Berwick.

David Bobb and wife to Franklin H. Bobb, Madison.

Denison Brink to Sarida Brink Bloomsburg.

John T. Shuman and wife to William K. Shuman, Main.

B. W. Johnson and wife to Sophorna Eaton, Briarcreek.

D. J. Waller and wife to Franklin P. McBride, Bloomsburg.

Joannah Thomas et. al. to E. L. Yocum, Locust.

John Mourey, sheriff to Wm. J. Knorr, Mifflin.

James Murphy to Susan Jane Axe, Madison.

Anna Hutchison to Harriet M. Hicks, Scott.

Perry Benfield and wife to Conrad Kreamer, Madison.

C. W. Neal and wife et. al. to William Neal, Bloomsburg.

A. B. Kirkendall and wife to the N. & W. B. R. Co., Mifflin.

Henry C. Hartman and wife to John A. Funston, Bloomsburg.

John A. Funston and wife to Miretta Sarah Wirt, Bloomsburg.

Clark W. Brown and wife to Ann Hutchison, Scott.

Daniel Klinetob and wife to Marietta Smith, Briarcreek.

M. G. Hughes trustee, to Annie M. Reifsnyder, Catawissa.

Elisha Hayman and wife to W. P. McHenry, Greenwood.

M. G. Hughes to George Bloss, Roaringcreek.

Joseph W. Eves, executor to Francis Eves, Greenwood.

George Hartman executor to Maggie C. Griffin, Catawissa.

George L. Moyer, administrator to John E. Moyer, Bloomsburg.

Elias Boyler and wife et. al. to Caroline Volkman, Montour.

Shadrack Eves and wife to Elisha Hayman, Pine.

Lanah J. McHenry, administratrix to Wm. L. McHenry, Fishingcreek.

Lanah J. McHenry, administratrix to Daniel McHenry, Fishingcreek.

Benjamin Eves to John Johnson, Pine.

John A. Lockard to Sallie E. Raugh, Berwick.

Andrew Clark to Jerome M. Shuman, Catawissa.

Reuben Boston to W. A. Boston, Fishingcreek.

D. L. Chapin administrator et. al. to Reuben Boston, Fishingcreek.

Irvin Raber and wife et al to Isaiah Raber, Fishingcreek.

The Plymouth Hospital.

An interview with Col. C. J. Murphy gives the following in reference to the Plymouth Hospital.

The management is under the entire supervision of that most excellent lady, Miss Alice Fisher, whose experience in similar duty has been so extensive. She is highly cultivated and refined lady, whose heart and soul are in her work, and whose kind and sympathetic work fits her so well for this charitable duty, and who heroically volunteered to come on here when she heard of the distress among the sick poor to spend, as she says, her vacation. A laborious one, I must say. This noble woman moves through these sad wards of the hospital an angel of mercy. Another is Florence Nightingale (with whom she was a co-worker in England). The poor, suffering sick are cheered by her tender hand and her sympathizing heart, and I cannot refrain from also paying a brief tribute of respect and gratitude to the other ladies who are assisting her in this noble and humane duty, namely: Mrs. Andrews, Mrs. Van Demme, Mrs. Borrows, and Mrs. Kirwin, all experienced and most interesting ladies, who thoroughly understand nursing the sick, and are so ably co-operating with Miss Fisher in her workk. Their devotion is really most commendable. During my short service at that hospital as a night watcher, when they are short of nurses I was perfctly surprised to see these refined and cultivated ladies cheerfully and tenderly do duty in the men's ward, that in my opinion was only fit to be done by male nurses, and they appeared to perform those disagreeable services as it were for God's sake, and for the love they bear for their fellow men. Such devotion will certainly have its reward, if not in this world it will in the next, as no money recompense is adequate for such devotion to suffering humanity.

These ladies are all Catholics, with the exception of Miss Fisher, who is a high Church Episcopalian, and who is a most intimate friend and admirer of His Eminence Cardinal Newman. But they ask no questions whether the patient is a Catholic or Protestant, the fact that there is a brother sick or dying moves all their sympathies and with humanity enobled and intensified by christian faith they devote themselves as taught by their Lord, to the relief of those who are sick. Their mission is charity and good will to all, and they have endeared themselves already to so many and poured consolation into the minds of those of our poor afflicted ones.

I would be recreant to my duty did I fail to mention the eminent services of the medical staff, Drs. Waterman, Zauner and Daggett, of Philadelphia, all of whom volunteered to come here and attend on the sick, and who are devoting themselves night and day to this humane duty, and as a proof of their devotion and skill they have not lost a single patient by death. Those under the charge are progressing to a fair prospect of a speedy recovery. And I would advise friends of the sick to by all means send them to the hospital if they cannot provide for them comfortably at home, as there they have the very best of medical attendance at all hours, proper food, and the kindest of attention. Dr. Biddle, of Philadelphia, is also very active in looking after the interests of the sick of plymouth, and the people of this borough will ever remember the kind friends of Philadelphia for the great aid rendered them.

There are at present between 700 and 800 persons afflicted with the fever. Eight deaths occurred on Saturday last which was greater than any day previous, with one exception since the beginning of the epidemic. The average daily death is about four.

LOCAL NOTICES.

For counterpanes and table linens go to Clark & Son's.

Pretty suits for children at Lowenberg's.

The Tobacco Habit.

The tobacco habit is one of the forms of both sedative and stimulation which seem to be regarded by the rudest as well as the most accomplished beings. Something in the man impels him to be happier.

The rude Mexican pounds the century plant till he can get fermentation in it, and then he drinks himself drunk. The methodical Chinaman who has a duty for every day in the year, and saves his money better than the miser, had the citadel of his nature stormed by opium, and against the command of his government and his religion, he sits down and smokes himself into stupefaction. The Turk, precluded from liquor by his religion, tortures himself between the harem and the pipe. The Duglish beer drinker comes to a place where malt and hops will no longer satisfy, and he must drug his beer to make palatable, and the public house which he frequents obliges him in that respect by opening the bung-hole and dropping in tobacco or pepper or something sufficiently strong.

Nothing is more remarkable in the United States than the growth of the cigar business. Before the rebellion, Havana manufactured the best and probably the most of our cigars. After the duties were made high the cigar-making business was transferred within our revenue jurisdiction, first to Key West, and then to New York. The war itself was provocative of the smoking habit as it multiplied excitement and left hundreds of men in tents waiting for battle, and there they smoked because they had no other form of enjoyment. So the growth of tobacco was introduced into our northern states, and now the north raises the best smoking tobacco for cigar, and the tobacco interest in some of the western states amounts to millions per annum. There are said to be 50,000 persons in New York rolling cigars or stripping the leaf. In almost every little village there are cigar factories.

The Germans and Spanish were formerly the most smokeful of nations, but we are close upon them now, although it is common in this country to find men who never smoked a cigar, and I have often noticed that some men who drank to excess had never put a cigar in their mouths. The drunkard fancies that he is to save his life, notwithstanding the liquor, by rejecting some other bad habit. The best cure for both liquor and tobacco is the open air, and not the open air of cities so much as that of the country. Country people are inclined to chew tobacco instead of smoking it. A ride of thirty miles through the open country is a cure, in part, for both liquor and tobacco. Grant has kept this open air treatment up nearly all his life. Either on horseback or in a carriage he has ridden constantly, and down to a very late period, and his trip around the world, in steamers, vessels, and vehicles, gave him inspiration of the same sort.—*"Gath" in Boston Globe.*

Pearl Ornaments.

In the window of a New York dealer is to be seen a curious display of mother-of-pearl shells and pearls in the form of a necklace. "The necklace in the window is one of Queen Anne's," said the dealer, in answer to an inquiry by a reporter, "and was sent to her from an Indian prince. They are all the rage in Paris and London now; indeed, pearls, as less showy than diamonds, have entirely taken the place of that article of American admiration. The ladies of the Parisian embassy put down the diamond at the time they decided to wear perfectly plain, rich silks—no lace and no jewels. This necklace is valued at $500, and will not sell under. It is, as you see, composed of mother-of-pearl shells and large seed shells joined by gold links. These mother-of-pearl shells are a novelty, but bid fair to be as much used in America this summer as they are abroad.

"A handsome pearl ring, or plain solid gold locket, set with pearls, is regarded as much more comme il faut than diamonds. I was asking an elderly lady of the French regime for a reason for this, and she said: 'Oh, so many shoddy Americans have sported their diamonds (not always pure) in front of the Parisian ladies' eyes in the morning, and, indeed at all times, when uncalled for—that has a good deal to do with it. Ladies dress very simply in Paris of a morning, you know—but, at all events, pearls are the plus ultra fashionable jewel at present."

A brooch of mother-of-pearl shells and turquois presented a pretty effect when held toward the light, and the bracelets to match, are marvels of beauty, especially when held where all the different colors can have fair play. A toilet bottle of green cut-glass ornamented with mother-of-pearl shells and pale pink narrow ribbon bows is a sample of novelty in that line, and costs twenty dollars. Picture frames are to be studied with pearl; also, tiny mother-of-pearl shells are to be employed with silk or lace work tidies for the drawing room. In fact, some of these jewelers intend importing only pearl jewelry for the season as it will be the rage.—*New York Mail and Express.*

A Wail From Gail.

"Gail Hamilton" has summed up the soreness of the Gone-Out Party towards the Prohibitions in a sarcastic, satirical, venomously bitter article in the June *North American Review*, the whole substance of which is that the triumph of the Democratic party by means of the Prohibition vote, as she avers, has resulted, as she phrases it, in "the enthronement of the demon of unrestricted drink."

But this is simply rhetorical "rot." There was no restriction upon the profuse dispensation of drink that distinguished the elegant hospitality of the White House during the last four years, and no restriction upon similar liquid liberality which characterized preceding Republican Administrations, always excepting the four years of the Great Fraud, that parsimonious pretender only devoting a few shillings of Mr. Tilden's salary to occasional libations of thin lemonade. "The demon of unrestricted drink" belongs to no particular party, nor do the Prohibitionists even have much control of him, though they helped to beat the G. O. Party, according to Miss Abigail Dodge.

But the other dodge of the family was Cousin James G. Blaine, who for fear of imperiling his presumed popularity and political prospects in his own State shamefully shirked voting for prohibition, and dodged it in spite of the alleged bargain that he and his party should support the measure in return for Prohibition votes for the Republican party. If, as Miss Dodge avers, the Prohibitionists beat Cousin Jimmy, he richly merited it at their hands.—*World.*

The seashore is a place where you can always find Sabbath breakers.

MERCANTILE APPRAISEMENT.

List of Dealers in Columbia county.

I hereby certify that the following list of dealers taken, returned and classified by me in accordance with the several Acts of Assembly in and for the year 1885, is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Names & Business	Class.	Tax.
BEAVER.		
G P Driesbach store	14	7 00
D L Stanley do	14	7 00
Munson & Kline do	14	7 00
J P Smith hotel	5	50 00
Daniel Ramer hotel	5	50 00
Levi Michael store	14	7 00
T J Shuman do	14	7 00
J P Smith bottler	8	40 00
BENTON.		
Hiram Hess hotel	5	50 00
H F Everett store	14	7 00
J J McHenry do	13	10 00
A & H McHenry store	14	7 00
McHenry & Carey furniture	14	7 00
J E Edson store	14	7 00
Rohr McHenry store	13	10 00
Lemuel Drake hotel	5	50 00
M & T C McHenry drugs	14	7 00
do do hardware	14	7 00
Sam'l Krickbaum furniture	14	7 00
BERWICK		
Jacob Fisher 2 billiard tables	8	40 00
P L Distlehurst furniture	14	7 00
H S Reay drugs	14	7 00
B Burger bottler	5	50 00
do do restaurant	5	20 00
C W Brukaker hardware	14	7 00
R B Swayze & Co store	14	7 00
J F Keller bottler	5	50 00
H M Rockman confectionery	14	7 00
J E Vanatta jewelry	14	7 00
Freas Bros store	13	15 00
E K Adams do	13	10 00
R G Crispin do	11	15 00
H R Bower do	13	10 00
Freas Bros lumber	14	7 00
B F Driesbach organs and machines	14	7 00
Sam'l K Heller 1 pool table	8	20 00
Jackson & Woolin M'fg Co store	8	50 00
G A Buckingham agt stoves and paper	14	7 00
Frederick Boyer hotel	5	50 00
Theodore F Berger shoes	44	7 00
W Levy clothing	14	7 00
H M Phillips groceries	14	7 00
M B Margerum stationery	14	7 00
Ben Spotsenburg restaurant	5	20 00
M A Markle do	5	20 00
F O McMurtrie clothing	14	7 00
Crisman & Son store	14	7 00
D A Michael furniture	14	7 00
A B Young stoves and tinware	14	7 00
A Miller store	14	7 00
Isaiah Bower store	14	7 00
G W Klase hotel	5	50 00
Stiles Bros drugs	14	7 00
S A Eut stoves	14	7 00
BRIARCREEK.		
Ash & Bro distillery	9	15 00
Yinger & Albertson store	14	7 00
BLOOMSBURG.		
J L Girton restaurant	5	20 00
I W McKelvy store	7	40 00
I W Hartman & Son store	10	30 00
T C Leidy & Co carpets and boots	14	7 00
Singer Mfg Co sewing machines	14	7 00
W J Correll & Co furniture	13	10 00
J K Eyer store	14	7 00
Wm Rabb grocery	14	7 00
I E Whary stoves	14	7 00
J Saltzer, organs, etc	14	7 00
G W Bertsch genls furnishings	14	7 00
F D Dentler boots and shoes	13	10 00
W C McKinney 2 billiard tables	8	40 00
James Reilly 1 billiard and 1 pool table	8	40 00
Geo A Clark book store	13	10 00
W R Tubbs hotel	5	50 00
B Stohner restaurant	5	20 00
Billmeyer & Co groceries	13	10 00
C C Gallgnan stoves and tinware	14	7 00
H J Clark & Son store	12	12 50
J S Phillips confectionery	14	7 00
Louis Bernhard jewelry	14	7 00
David Lowenberg	13	10 00
E E Cadman furniture	14	7 00
J R Schuyler & Co hardware	11	15 00
Chas W Ranyan do	13	10 00
S A Wilson groceries	14	7 00
J D Wilson Leather and shoe findings	14	7 00
Joseph Deckert confectionery	14	7 00
C C Marr store	14	7 00
Evans & Eyer clothing	14	7 00
J A Hess boots and shoes	14	7 00
D A Creasy store	12	12 50
Andrew Sollodor boots and shoe findings	14	7 00
B H Vanatta agt wall paper	14	7 00
I K Miller store	14	7 00
Mrs W B Allen store	14	7 00
E B Brower stoves	14	7 00
Reopolis's drug store drugs	14	7 00
C Hichhart flour, feed and groceries	14	7 00
Henry Klein groceries	14	7 00
G M and J K Lockard coal	14	7 00
Wm Giger hotel	5	50 00
C W Neal & Bro coal	14	7 00
Harman & Hassert coal	14	7 00
G A Jacoby liquor store	13	25 00
do do coal	14	7 00
Farmers Produce Exchange store	10	20 00
do do do coal	14	7 00
Jabe E Brown hotel	5	50 00
Peter Gross bottler	5	50 00
Simon G Shives ag't implements	14	7 00
Bloomsburg Ag'l & Iron W'ks ag't imp's	14	7 00
Bloomsburg Iron Co store	11	15 00
C B Robbins liquor store	13	25 00
F M Gilmore restaurant	5	20 00
W H Gilmore do	5	20 00
do bottler	5	50 00
do 1 billiard and 1 pool table	8	40 00
G M & J K Lockard gen store	13	10 00
H W sloan dry goods and notions	13	10 00
N J Hendershott drugs	14	7 00
Louis Gross clothing	14	7 00
J F Caldwell confectionery	14	7 00
J J Brower carpets	14	7 00
Jacob Keller notions	10	20 00
Moyer Bros wholesale drug store	7	40 00
Alexander Bros & Co tobacco	11	15 00
C A Klein drugs	14	7 00
W H Yetter sewing machines	14	7 00
H V White & Co grain dealers	14	7 00
J K Eyer auctioneer	1	5 00
Chas Klotz lumber, coal and slate	14	7 00
S C Cressly lumber dealer	14	7 00
H W Vandersice flour and feed	14	7 00
C M Buttenbender flour and feed	14	7 00
W S Knorr tobacco	14	7 00
C W Brown grocery	14	7 00
Lewis Bros fruits and confectionery	14	7 00
D F Weiss ag'l imp	14	7 00
CATAWISSA.		
C. E. Clewell, grocery	14	7 00
M A Swank store	14	7 00
W H Barwick clothing and shoes	14	7 00
I H Seesholtz store	13	10 00
David Hollingshead restaurant	5	20 00
Hester Kistler hotel	3	50 00
G W Rostenbauder clothing and shoes	14	7 00
S B Rhawn stoves and tinware	14	7 00
Stephen Baldy store	11	15 00
Jno R Diemer do	13	10 00
Wm Manhart do	13	10 00
A S Truckenmiller organs and machines	13	10 00
T D Benninger furniture	14	7 00
J K Sharpless & Son store	9	25 00
T B Harder furniture	13	10 00
P B Erwin confectionery	14	7 00
Wm John stoves and tinware	14	7 00
J M Smith drugs and hardware	12	12 50
S D Rinard store	14	7 00
G W Reifsnyder store	13	10 00
Albert Yetter 1 billiard and 1 pool table	8	40 00
C C Willits drug store	13	10 00
C C Mendenhall stoves and tinware	14	7 00
David Giffin coal	14	7 00
Press Gulnn tobacco & confectionery	14	7 00
Lloyd Yeager hotel	5	50 00
A Truckenmiller 1 billiard & 1 pool table	8	40 00
J D Fisher confectionery	14	7 00
Simon Raup coal	14	7 00
W A Yetter Hotel	5	50 00
H P Helwig drugs	14	7 00
Joseph A Guiterman store	14	7 00
B L Faust 1 billiard 1 pool table	8	40 00
do tobacco	14	7 00
Clark F Harder lumber	14	7 00
J R Bibby, liquor store	18	25 00
C W Harder lumber	14	7 00
CENTRALIA.		
D F Curry hotel	5	50 00
Joseph Staudenmier confectionery	14	7 00
J P Mellington drugs	14	7 00
Adam K Mensch jewelry	14	7 00
G B Millard store	12	12 50
A B Fortner stoves and tinware	14	7 00
Irvin Bros' store	13	10 00
Johanna O'Connor liquor store	13	25 00
James Goldsworthy hotel	5	50 00
do do 1 pool table	8	30 00
Wm. Pifer hotel	5	50 00
David C Black grocery	14	7 00
Andrew Lenahan do	14	7 00
G W Davis drugs	14	7 00
C O Murphy store	13	10 00
Thomas Collins restaurant	5	20 00
L A Riley & Co store	3	100 00
Edward McFadden restaurant	5	20 00
Jones Bros tea dealers	14	7 00
Patrick J Dunn boots and shoes	14	7 00
James McBrearty restaurant	5	20 00
T J Whitman store	14	7 00
A Rooney restaurant	5	20 00
W J Sweeney do	5	20 00
do 1 pool table	8	30 00
John Moran boots and shoes	14	7 00
Robert Farrell restaurant	5	20 00
H C Michael furniture	14	7 00
Thos Fetterman restaurant	5	20 00
James Haggerty do	5	20 00
Thomas Boran do	5	20 00
Geo Maley do	5	20 00
Jas Nortney liquor store	13	25 00
D Szymanuski store	14	7 00
Edward McFadden 1 billiard table	8	30 00
CENTRE.		
Low Bros & Co store	14	7 00
G E Sponsler do	14	7 00
J S Mann hotel	5	50 00
Thomas Brobst grocery	14	7 00
Z T Fowler grain	13	10 00
J L Worthington store	14	7 00
Jacob Reese coal	14	7 00
Hezekiah Boone flour	14	7 00
H G Martz store	14	7 00
CONYNGHAM.		
Mrs Mary Monroe restaurant	5	20 00
Wm Herbert store	14	7 00
A Church do	12	12 50
J L Kline hotel	5	50 00
G w Billman do	5	50 00
FISHINGCREEK.		
J M Ammerman store	14	7 00
W S Hosler do	14	7 00
J H Hoffa do	14	7 00
G M Howell do	14	7 00
M McHenry & Bro do	14	7 00
R F Edgar, auctioneer	1	5 00
J F McHenry store	14	7 00
Whitenight Bros store	14	7 00
A T Chapin furniture	14	7 00
Jones & Dale store	14	7 00
Alfred Gibbon do	14	7 00
FRANKLIN.		
L Bucher store	14	7 00
A Hughes do	14	7 00
GREENWOOD.		
A J Derr store	14	7 00
P D Black do	13	10 00
Ellis Eves & Bro store	11	15 00
Masters & Co do	19	12 50
V P Eves & Henry furniture	14	7 00
C W Eves store	14	7 00
Wilson M Eves store	14	7 00
J E Wellliver do	14	7 00
Samuel Hazledine hotel	5	50 00
Jacob Rantz store	14	7 00
J L John do	14	7 00
HEMLOCK.		
C H Dietterich hotel	5	50 00
H N & J E White store	14	7 00
C M Tewsbmger & Co do	14	7 00
JACKSON.		
D B Stevens store	14	7 00
B D Cole do	14	7 00
LOCUST.		
Yocum Bros store	14	7 00
Aaron Yoder restaurant	5	20 00
Daniel F Kaltle store	14	7 00
M Scalboro do	14	7 00
L H Daniels do	14	7 00
Nathan Rhorr hotel	5	50 00
Robert Watkins auctioneer	1	5 00
Wellington Yeager hotel	5	50 00
Jacob Yeager store	14	7 00
E H Whitner do	14	7 00
C S Hower auctioneer	1	5 00
Snyder Bros store	14	7 00
Wm Adams do	14	7 00
MADISON.		
Wm Gingles store	13	10 00
Kramer & Son do	13	10 00
A K Smith hotel	5	50 00
MAIN.		
J E Bishop store	14	7 00
H H Yetter hotel	5	50 00
U J Campbell agt store	14	7 00
W M Longenberger do	14	7 00
J E Longenberger hotel	5	50 00
MIFFLIN.		
A W Snyder store	14	7 00
A W Hess hotel	5	50 00
do coal	14	7 00
N B Cressy store	14	7 00
A C Millard stoves and tinware	14	7 00
R J Berninger furniture	14	7 00
H J Gearhart store	14	7 00
Schweppenheiser & Snyder store	14	7 00
MONTOUR.		
G B Hostler store	14	7 00
W O Holmes hotel	5	50 00
Paxton & Harman mdse	14	7 00
Clinton M Reece grocery	14	7 00
Michael Reese coal	14	7 00
MT PLEASANT.		
Sands & Eves store	14	7 00
ORANGE.		
DeLong Bros stoves & tinware	14	7 00
Geo Heckman hotel	5	50 00
G P Stiner store	14	7 00
G S Fleckstine store	14	7 00
G N Smith stoves	14	7 00
White & Conner agt imp	14	7 00
A B Stewart store	13	10 00
W H Hagenbuch hotel	5	50 00
Mrs L Lilley store	14	7 00
H B Low lumber	14	7 00
T W Conner furniture	14	7 00
Wm Fleckenstine buggies	14	7 00
A M Dewitt store	14	7 00
James B Harman furniture	14	7 00
Mrs L Lilley 1 pool table	8	30 00
PINE.		
R W Lyons store	14	7 00
C R Fowler distillery	9	15 00
C R Parker store	14	7 00
J A Howard auctioneer	1	5 00
ROARINGCREEK.		
O W Cherington store	14	7 00
S Leby restaurant	5	21 00
SCOTT		
Moorehead & Kline store	13	10 00
Jacob Blosser hotel	5	50 00
N Reichart grocery	14	7 00
W E Dietterich store	14	7 00
Theodore Heck do	14	7 00
S A Worman do	14	7 00
John Girch do	14	7 00
J D Workheiser do	14	7 00
G W Creveling do	13	10 00
Silas Young do	13	10 00
Reese M Fatrman hotel	5	50 00
A P Howel store	14	7 00
A B White do	14	7 00
J L Crawford grocery	14	7 00
Weidenhammer & McKamey grocery	14	7 00
do do coal	14	7 00
N B Eut stores	14	7 00
Jacob Miller grain	14	7 00
SUGARLOAF.		
Norman Cole stoves	14	7 00
Chas W Cole store	14	7 00
A Laubach & Son store	14	7 00
J W Perry hotel	5	50 00

Appeals will be heard at the Commissioners' office in Bloomsburg on the 9th day of June A. D., 1885, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m., where you can attend if you think proper.

May 13, 1884. E. E. LOW, Mercantile Appraiser.

[*From the Indianapolis Times.*]

AN INTERESTING LETTER

FROM MR. HARRY W. OLMSTEAD, PROOF-READER OF "THE TIMES."

The following letter is encouraging and worthy of careful perusal, coming, as it does, from so reliable a source, unsolicited. It contains facts of great value:

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 12, 1884.

DR. DAVID KENNEDY, *Rondout, N. Y.*

DEAR SIR:—For ten years I have been a sufferer from disease or the kidneys, at times so much as to make life a burden. During this time several of the best physicians in Indiana have treated me with little or no success, until I had almost despaired of relief. I then tried several advertised remedies, but nothing produced the desired result until a friend who had been relieved induced me to give DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY a trial. I did so. After taking one bottle I began to experience relief. I took another and was charmed with the result. In all, I have taken four bottles, and can truly say I feel like a new man. I am confident I am entirely cured, as it has been several months since I took the last medicine, and there is no indication of a return of the disease. I have recommended your remedy to several suffering friends who have also been relieved. I write this to return my sincere thanks to you for the cure which has been effected in my case, and also desire to say I think suffering humanity owes you a debt of gratitude for your wonderful scientific discovery. I shall do all that in me lies to let all sufferers know where they may find relief, and thereby in some measure remunerate you for the good you have done me.

Wishing you long life and prosperity, and thanking you for prolonging my life, I am

HARRY W. OLMSTEAD.

Dr. Kennedy, of Rondout, N. Y., assures the public, in a reputation which he cannot afford to forfeit or imperil, that the "Favorite Remedy" does invigorate the blood, cures Liver, Kidney and Bladder complaints, as well as those diseases and weaknesses peculiar to females. Your druggist has it; if not, send one dollar to Dr. David Kennedy, Rondout, N. Y.

TONSORIAL ROOMS.

THE OLD STAND

under the Exchange Hotel, still takes the lead. Hair Dressing, Shaving, Dyeing, Shampooing and all work in my line promptly and neatly done.

BILLIARD & POOL TABLES.

James Reilly,

Jan 30-tf Proprietor.

M. C. SLOAN & BRO.,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Manufacturers of

CARRIAGES BUGGIES, PHAETONS SLEIGHS, PLATFORM WAGONS, &C.

First-class work always on hand.

REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.

Prices reduced to suit the times.

This remedy contains no injurious drugs.

ELY'S CREAM BALM

CATARRH

Cleanses the Head. Allays Inflammation. Heals the Sores. Restores the Senses of Taste, Smell, Hearing. A quick Relief. A positive Cure.

CREAM BALM has gained an enviable reputation wherever known, displacing all other preparations. It is a creamy substance. A particle is applied into each nostril, causing no pain and is agreeable to use. Price 50 cents by mail, or at Druggists. Send for circular. ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

may29-4w d

COURSEN, CLEMONS & CO.

Limited,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Crockery, Glassware, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Window Glass, and Plated-ware,

The 56 candle-power marsh electric lamp. The celebrated Pinafore Burner. Bird Cages, Fruit Jars.

422 Lackawanna Avenue, SCRANTON, Pa. may 1-1y

B. F. HARTMAN

REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING

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North American of Philadelphia.
Franklin, " "
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Hanover, of N. Y.
Queens, of London.
North British, of London.
Office on Market Street, No. 5, Bloomsburg.
oct. 24.

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY.

Moyer's new building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Assets.
Aetna Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn	$1,078,220
Royal of Liverpool	12,500,000
Lancashire	10,000,000
Fire Association, Philadelphia	4,165,710
Phœnix, of London	5,396,376
London & Lancashire, of England	1,109,970
Hartford of Hartford	3,375,050
Springfield Fire and Marine	2,062,580

As the agencies are direct, policies are written for the insured without delay in the office at Bloomsburg. Oct. 28, '81.

W. H. HOUSE,

—DENTIST,—

BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

11 styles of work done in a superior manner, work warranted as represented. TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.

Office in Columbian building, 2nd floor. *To be open at all hours during the day.* 1 ov 28-1y

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Those languid, tiresome sensations, causing you to feel scarcely able to be on your feet, that constant drain that is taking from your system all its former elasticity, driving the bloom from your cheeks; that continual strain upon your vital forces, rendering you irritable and fretful, can easily be removed by the use of that marvelous remedy, Hop Bitters. Irregularities and obstructions of your system, are relieved at once while the special cause of periodical pain are permanently removed. None receive so much benefit, and none are so profoundly grateful, and show such an interest in recommending Hop bitters as women.

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I was affected with kidney and urinary Trouble—
"For twelve years!"
After trying all the doctors and patent medicines I could hear of, I used two bottles of Hop
"Bitters;"
And I am perfectly cured. I keep
"All the time!" respectfully, B. F. Booth, Saulsbury, Tenn.—May 4, 1883.

BRADFORD, PA., May 8, 1875.

It has cured me of several diseases, such as nervousness, sickness at the stomach, monthly troubles, etc. I have not seen a sick day in a year, since I took Hop Bitters. All my neighbors use them. MRS. FANNIE GREEN.

$3,000 LOST.

"A tour to Europe that cost me $3.0 0, done me "less good than one bottle of Hop Bitters; they "also cured my wife of fifteen years' nervous "weakness, sleeplessness and dyspepsia."

R. M., Auburn, N. Y.

SO. BLOOMINGVILLE, O., May 1, 79.

SIRS—I have been suffering ten years, and I tried your Hop Bitters, and it done me more good than all the doctors. MISS S. S. BOONE.

BABY SAVED.

We are so thankful to say that our nursing baby was permanently cured of a dangerous and protracted constipation and irregularity of the bowels by the use of Hop Bitters by its mother, which at the same time restored her to perfect health and strength.

—The Parents, Rochester, N. Y.

☞None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

Clothing for Everybody.

With a large and varied stock of Clothing for Men of every trade, for Boys and Children of all ages, we are quite certain of meeting the demands of every class of buyers at prices that must give satisfaction.

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HEADACHES

Are generally induced by **Indigestion, Foul Stomach, Costiveness, Deficient Circulation,** or some **Derangement of the Liver and Digestive System.** Sufferers will find relief by the use of

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to stimulate the stomach and produce a regular daily movement of the bowels. By their action on these organs, AYER'S PILLS divert the blood from the brain, and relieve and cure all forms of **Congestive** and **Nervous Headache, Bilious Headache,** and **Sick Headache;** and by keeping the bowels free, and preserving the system in a healthful condition, they insure immunity from future attacks. Try

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April 16-1-yr r

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Now is the time to Build.

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No 1 ¼ inch siding planed, 14 00 "
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—:o:—

I keep a full stock of the above kinds of Lumber always on hand, and will sell at these prices during year of 1885.

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Scranton House,

—ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.—

Victor Koch, Proprietor.

Rooms are heated by steam, well ventilated and elegantly furnished. Finest Bar and Lunch Counter in the city.

Meals to order at all hours. Ladies and Gents Restaurant furnished with all delicacies of the season.

Location near D. L. & W. R. R. Depot, Scranton, Pa. March 20-1y

Fashion Notes.

Tinsel will be very prominent in fans as well as in every other department in dress and dressy accessories.

Fancy sashes of all kinds, either striped or with pompadour flowers, are used for toilets of single-colored goods.

Satines are less glossy this year and consequently look better when they are washed; the designs also are smaller and more suitable.

Among light silky materials there is the toile du Louvre, a new kind of foulard of soft hues, sewn, as it were, in bouquets over all the fashionable grounds of havannah, moss, cress, strawberry of intense shade, etc.

Many ladies' garments are of Soudan lace, and brocaded grenadine. One of them, for traveling purposes, is trimmed with woolen guipure lace. It is a kind of visite shape of leather colored Soudan lace, lined with fire and bronze changeable taffetas.

The height to which hats and bonnets have attained is astounding. Every week new shapes are brought out, and excelsior seems to be the motto of the manufacturers and milliners; for no matter how high the crowns, the trimmings tower still higher.

Embroideries will be selected even more than laces this season for trimming summer dresses. There are navy blue goods embroidered in red and white effects, cardinal grounds embroidered in black and white, and also those that are done in olive and brown.

American ladies are so fond of black dresses for street wear that the most untiring efforts have been made to secure fast black dyed hose. Success has at last crowned this research, and these goods known as the "anchor dyed" may be purchased and worn with perfect assurance of immunity from such vexatious discolorations.

The pretty checked and striped silks make very cool and stylish suits for summer. There are very pretty china silks that are adapted to the same purpose. China silks come in white and delicate tints, both plain and embroidered, and make most lovely dresses. Embroidered ponges have the patterns done in red, blue or brown on the natural color.

A very practical novelty is the new velvet ribbon bow attached to a clasp pin. These bows come in all the popular shades, and are extremely serviceable as a garniture. A lady has only to pin and unpin them to apply them to any toilet that may please her fancy. They come in sets of six in a box, but are also sold singly in the retail stores. There are several kinds, each very stylish and "Frenchy." For dressy toilets in light materials they are exactly the thing needed.

Among the most becoming hats for young girl's wear are beige or reddish brown straws, with light crowns and brims slightly raised on one side and falling on the other. The brims are lined with velvet or with the tissue trimming the crown. Silk grenadine with velvet dots make prety light bows and draperies. For instance a very effective trimming is crushed strawberry grenadine with garnet dots. This serves for the lining of the brim and for the drapery around the crown.

In low shoes for summer wear, the Oxford tie has the preference. These ties will be worn in bronze and black kid, and those with the low English or the high heel may be chosen, according to fancy. Low shoes with patent leather vamps are also in vogue. Nearly all the low shoes are lined with dark colors this season, a pleasing improvement that will be appreciated by those who have been annoyed at seeing the white kid lining, hitherto in such general use, so soon soiled with the dye of the stocking.

A novel toilet is of black worsted lace and moss green velvet. The black faile skirt is covered with a plaited lace over-dress, with a space between each plait. The lace waist is on a black silk ling and closes down the front by a band sewed underneath. On either side of the waist is a trimming of moss-green ribbon velvet. This velvet starts from the shoulder and is taken to the lower part of the waist, where it forms a point and then falls in long hoops over the skirt. This same ribbon is in the back and is arranged in a similar way, only there is a fuller trimming of loops. The straight collar is of moss-velvet.

Some new parasols and sunshades have been brought out in changeable silks, and in plain silks lined with bright colors. Pompadour designs are also very fashionable. Lace parasols in all colors are seldom lined. Plain or embroidered "etamine" is also employed for this purpose.